

Systemx Corporation and Subsidiaries

**Consolidated Financial Statements for the
Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 and
Independent Auditors' Report**

DECLARATION OF CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AFFILIATES

The companies required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates in accordance with the “Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises” for the year ended December 31, 2025 are all the same as the companies required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of the parent and subsidiary companies as provided in International Financial Reporting Standard 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements”. Relevant information that should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of the parent and subsidiary companies. Hence, we do not prepare a separate set of consolidated financial statements of affiliates.

Very truly yours,

SYSTEX CORPORATION

By:

March 2, 2026

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders
Systex Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Systex Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information (collectively referred to as the “consolidated financial statements”).

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors (please refer to the Other Matter paragraph), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion based on our audits and the report of other auditors.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025 is stated as follows:

Revenue Recognition

The primary sources of revenue for the Group are derived from the sale of computer hardware and software. Since revenue recognition involves an inherently higher risk of fraud, and management may be under pressure to achieve expected operating results, thereby increasing the risk of improper recognition of revenue. Accordingly, we identified revenue recognition from customers with significant growth in sales amounts during the current year under the category of computer hardware and software sales as a key audit matter.

The main audit procedures we performed in response to the above-mentioned key audit matter are as follows:

1. We obtained an understanding of the design of the controls relevant to revenue recognition of the Group, and tested the operating effectiveness of such controls.
2. We selected samples to perform tests of details of transactions, and examined supporting documentation, including sales orders, delivery and acceptance documents, and invoices relating to the aforementioned customers' revenue transactions, to assess whether revenue was recognized upon satisfaction of performance obligations and whether the transactions had occurred.
3. We checked for sales returns and discounts and for any abnormalities in the payments after the reporting period.

Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of SYSTEXASIA PTE. LTD. and its subsidiaries, which were audited by other auditors and are included in the consolidated financial statements. Our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for SYSTEXASIA PTE. LTD. and its subsidiaries, is based solely on the report of other auditors. The aggregate assets of these subsidiaries as of December 31, 2025 amounted to \$762,242 thousand, or 2.00%, of the consolidated assets. The aggregate net operating revenues of these subsidiaries in 2025 were \$1,180,317 thousand, or 2.68%, of the consolidated net operating revenues.

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Systex Corporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion with Other Matter paragraph and unmodified opinion, respectively.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Hui-Min Huang and Shiow-Ming Shue.

Deloitte & Touche
Taipei, Taiwan
Republic of China

March 2, 2026

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS	2025		2024	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 5,095,330	14	\$ 6,196,885	18
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4 and 7)	7,264,443	19	5,902,720	17
Financial assets at amortized cost - current (Notes 4 and 9)	-	-	30,000	-
Contract assets (Notes 4 and 21)	68,521	-	39,534	-
Notes receivable, net (Notes 4, 5, 11, 21 and 30)	90,051	-	100,404	-
Accounts receivable, net (Notes 4, 5, 11, 21 and 30)	6,030,482	16	5,336,572	15
Other receivables (Notes 4 and 23)	132,268	-	162,089	1
Inventories (Notes 4 and 12)	6,691,869	18	5,100,321	15
Prepayments	2,268,215	6	1,530,443	5
Other financial assets - current (Notes 31 and 32)	494,147	1	451,461	1
Refundable deposits - current	538,512	2	482,152	1
Other current assets (Note 30)	96,953	-	54,981	-
Total current assets	<u>28,770,791</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>25,387,562</u>	<u>73</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4 and 7)	2,826,690	7	2,772,979	8
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current (Notes 4 and 8)	112,924	-	197,745	1
Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current (Notes 4, 9 and 10)	500,000	1	500,000	2
Investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 4 and 14)	1,811,951	5	2,187,582	6
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 15 and 31)	2,290,241	6	2,302,975	7
Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 16)	586,221	2	480,496	1
Intangible assets (Note 4)	599,642	2	382,042	1
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 23)	41,300	-	38,082	-
Refundable deposits - non-current	292,070	1	291,349	1
Other financial assets - non-current (Notes 31 and 32)	110,481	-	95,522	-
Other non-current assets (Notes 19 and 30)	128,553	-	95,786	-
Total non-current assets	<u>9,300,073</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>9,344,558</u>	<u>27</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 38,070,864</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 34,732,120</u>	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Short-term loans (Notes 17 and 31)	\$ 1,454,317	4	\$ 2,101,186	6
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4 and 7)	18,866	-	9,734	-
Contract liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 21)	3,917,319	10	2,657,016	8
Notes and accounts payable	6,261,530	16	5,358,043	15
Payables to related parties (Note 30)	20,153	-	13,400	-
Other payables (Note 30)	2,358,217	6	1,846,584	5
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 23)	310,377	1	368,746	1
Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 16)	219,671	1	193,671	1
Current portion of long-term borrowings and bonds payable (Notes 17, 18 and 31)	3,013,376	8	14,104	-
Other current liabilities	470,871	1	339,761	1
Total current liabilities	<u>18,044,697</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>12,902,245</u>	<u>37</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Bonds payable (Note 18)	-	-	2,997,857	9
Long-term borrowings (Notes 17 and 31)	451,298	1	97,479	-
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 23)	14,129	-	6,825	-
Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 16)	378,948	1	298,305	1
Investment payable - non-current (Notes 4 and 7)	18,976	-	34,982	-
Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 19)	79,606	1	53,888	-
Other non-current liabilities (Notes 4 and 21)	10,066	-	10,836	-
Total non-current liabilities	<u>953,023</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3,500,172</u>	<u>10</u>
Total liabilities	<u>18,997,720</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>16,402,417</u>	<u>47</u>
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE CORPORATION (Notes 4, 20 and 25)				
Share capital	2,722,431	7	2,722,654	8
Capital surplus	8,681,003	23	8,692,447	25
Retained earnings				
Legal reserve	2,034,015	5	1,836,979	5
Special reserve	199,186	1	402,170	1
Unappropriated earnings	5,020,574	13	4,291,181	13
Total retained earnings	7,253,775	19	6,530,330	19
Other equity	(418,808)	(1)	(215,049)	(1)
Total equity attributable to owners of the Corporation	18,238,401	48	17,730,382	51
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Notes 20 and 27)	<u>834,743</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>599,321</u>	<u>2</u>
Total equity	<u>19,073,144</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>18,329,703</u>	<u>53</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 38,070,864</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 34,732,120</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 2, 2026)

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2025		2024	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUES (Notes 4, 21 and 30)				
Sales	\$ 34,832,704	79	\$ 30,658,446	79
Less: Sales returns and allowances	<u>104,734</u>	-	<u>42,650</u>	-
Net sales	34,727,970	79	30,615,796	79
Service revenue	9,125,125	21	8,244,968	21
Other operating revenue	<u>116,360</u>	-	<u>89,878</u>	-
Total operating revenues	<u>43,969,455</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>38,950,642</u>	<u>100</u>
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 4, 12, 22 and 30)				
Cost of goods sold	29,842,028	68	26,667,231	69
Service cost	4,459,765	10	4,002,628	10
Other operating cost	<u>30,488</u>	-	<u>32,077</u>	-
Total operating costs	<u>34,332,281</u>	<u>78</u>	<u>30,701,936</u>	<u>79</u>
GROSS PROFIT	<u>9,637,174</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>8,248,706</u>	<u>21</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 11, 22, 25 and 30)				
Selling expenses	6,301,673	15	5,353,306	13
General and administrative expenses	883,944	2	785,303	2
Research and development expenses	793,112	2	716,812	2
Expected credit loss	<u>62,839</u>	-	<u>182</u>	-
Total operating expenses	<u>8,041,568</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>6,855,603</u>	<u>17</u>
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	<u>1,595,606</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>1,393,103</u>	<u>4</u>
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES				
Share of profit of associates (Notes 4 and 14)	185,772	-	211,823	-
Interest income (Note 4)	89,043	-	121,217	-
Dividend income (Note 4)	308,539	1	57,520	-
Other income, net (Note 30)	79,698	-	84,745	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net (Note 4)	60,372	-	651	-
Gain on disposal of investments, net (Note 22)	279,050	1	9,225	-
Gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net (Note 4)	350,268	1	831,515	2
Interest expense	(102,280)	-	(91,646)	-
Other expenses	(40,246)	-	(57,056)	-
Foreign exchange loss, net	(24,523)	-	(21)	-
Impairment loss on assets (Notes 4 and 22)	<u>(10,992)</u>	-	<u>(164,616)</u>	-
Total non-operating income and expenses	<u>1,174,701</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>1,003,357</u>	<u>2</u>

(Continued)

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2025		2024	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	\$ 2,770,307	6	\$ 2,396,460	6
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 23)	<u>442,737</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>364,073</u>	<u>1</u>
NET INCOME	<u>2,327,570</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2,032,387</u>	<u>5</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF INCOME TAX				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (Notes 4 and 19)	(25,456)	-	15,432	-
Unrealized loss on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(43,303)	-	(81,625)	-
Share of the other comprehensive (loss) income of associates accounted for using the equity method	(32,193)	-	67,361	-
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (Notes 4 and 23)	<u>(1,074)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,861)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>(102,026)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(693)</u>	<u>-</u>
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	(123,314)	-	220,547	1
Share of the other comprehensive loss of associates accounted for using the equity method	<u>(4,492)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,399)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>(127,806)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>217,148</u>	<u>1</u>
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the year, net of income tax	<u>(229,832)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>216,455</u>	<u>1</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 2,097,738</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>\$ 2,248,842</u>	<u>6</u>
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:				
Owners of the Corporation	\$ 2,149,197	5	\$ 1,957,431	5
Non-controlling interests	<u>178,373</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>74,956</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 2,327,570</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>\$ 2,032,387</u>	<u>5</u>

(Continued)

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2025		2024	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:				
Owners of the Corporation	\$ 1,919,418	4	\$ 2,173,145	6
Non-controlling interests	<u>178,320</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>75,697</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 2,097,738</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>\$ 2,248,842</u>	<u>6</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 24)				
Basic	<u>\$ 7.91</u>		<u>\$ 7.66</u>	
Diluted	<u>\$ 7.89</u>		<u>\$ 7.64</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 2, 2026)

(Concluded)

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Dividends Per Share in New Taiwan Dollars)**

	Equity Attributable to Owners of the Corporation						Other Equity					Non-controlling Interests	Total Equity
	Share Capital	Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings			Total	Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign Operations	Unrealized (Loss) Gain on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	Unearned Employee Benefits	Treasury Shares	Total		
			Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings								
BALANCE ON JANUARY 1, 2024	\$ 2,723,033	\$ 6,967,728	\$ 1,691,083	\$ 308,124	\$ 3,976,732	\$ 5,975,939	\$ (300,036)	\$ (102,134)	\$ (63,580)	\$ (928,443)	\$ 14,272,507	\$ 500,003	\$ 14,772,510
Appropriation of 2023 earnings	-	-	145,896	-	(145,896)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal reserve	-	-	145,896	-	(145,896)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	94,046	(94,046)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends - NT\$5.2 per share	-	-	-	-	(1,415,977)	(1,415,977)	-	-	-	-	(1,415,977)	-	(1,415,977)
Donations from shareholders	-	1,080	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,080	-	1,080
Net income for 2024	-	-	-	-	1,957,431	1,957,431	-	-	-	-	1,957,431	74,956	2,032,387
Other comprehensive income (loss) for 2024	-	-	-	-	12,730	12,730	216,216	(13,232)	-	-	215,714	741	216,455
Total comprehensive income (loss) for 2024	-	-	-	-	1,970,161	1,970,161	216,216	(13,232)	-	-	2,173,145	75,697	2,248,842
Reissuance of treasury shares	-	1,577,141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	928,443	2,505,584	1,276,850	3,782,434
Cash dividends received by subsidiaries from the Corporation	-	111,331	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	111,331	-	111,331
Share of changes in equities of subsidiaries and associates	-	22,948	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,948	-	22,948
Issuance of employee share options by the subsidiaries	-	15,024	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,024	18,860	33,884
Share-based payment transaction - restricted shares for employees	-	(412)	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,945	-	44,533	412	44,945
Share-based payment transaction - cancellation of restricted shares for employees	(379)	(2,393)	-	-	207	207	-	-	2,772	-	207	-	207
Decrease in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,272,501)	(1,272,501)
BALANCE ON DECEMBER 31, 2024	2,722,654	8,692,447	1,836,979	402,170	4,291,181	6,530,330	(83,820)	(115,366)	(15,863)	-	17,730,382	599,321	18,329,703
Appropriation of 2024 earnings	-	-	197,036	-	(197,036)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal reserve	-	-	197,036	-	(197,036)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve	-	-	-	(202,984)	202,984	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends - NT\$5.2 per share	-	-	-	-	(1,415,654)	(1,415,654)	-	-	-	-	(1,415,654)	-	(1,415,654)
Donations from shareholders	-	(1,080)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,080)	-	(1,080)
Net income for 2025	-	-	-	-	2,149,197	2,149,197	-	-	-	-	2,149,197	178,373	2,327,570
Other comprehensive loss for 2025	-	-	-	-	(25,756)	(25,756)	(127,644)	(76,379)	-	-	(229,779)	(53)	(229,832)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for 2025	-	-	-	-	2,123,441	2,123,441	(127,644)	(76,379)	-	-	1,919,418	178,320	2,097,738
Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	-	(1,096)	-	-	15,658	15,658	59	(15,658)	-	-	(1,037)	-	(1,037)
Share of changes in equities of subsidiaries and associates	-	(26,437)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,437)	27,006	569
Issuance of employee share options by the subsidiaries	-	18,727	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,727	1,073	19,800
Share-based payment transaction - restricted shares for employees	-	(150)	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,232	-	14,082	150	14,232
Share-based payment transaction - cancellation of restricted shares for employees	(223)	(1,408)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,631	-	-	-	-
Increase in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,873	28,873
BALANCE ON DECEMBER 31, 2025	\$ 2,722,431	\$ 8,681,003	\$ 2,034,015	\$ 199,186	\$ 5,020,574	\$ 7,253,775	\$ (211,405)	\$ (207,403)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,238,401	\$ 834,743	\$ 19,073,144

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 2, 2026)

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2025	2024
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 2,770,307	\$ 2,396,460
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expense	463,434	414,419
Amortization expense	72,817	48,043
Expected credit loss recognized	62,839	182
Gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, net	(350,268)	(831,515)
Interest expense	102,280	91,646
Interest income	(89,043)	(121,217)
Dividend income	(308,539)	(57,520)
Compensation costs of share-based payment	34,032	78,829
Share of profit of associates	(185,772)	(211,823)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	(60,372)	(651)
Gain on disposal of investment accounted for using the equity method, net	(279,050)	(9,225)
Impairment loss on financial assets	9,354	164,616
Impairment loss on non-financial assets	1,638	-
Write-down (reversal of write-down) of inventories	7,251	(17,949)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit or loss	(1,285,883)	(5,115,059)
Contract assets	(28,987)	(39,534)
Notes receivable	9,129	84,870
Accounts receivable	(603,279)	906,796
Other receivables	28,093	1,673
Inventories	(1,614,438)	(520,713)
Prepayments	(719,137)	270,416
Other current assets	(40,841)	(9,924)
Contract liabilities	1,256,586	298,564
Notes and accounts payable	780,225	(245,723)
Payables to related parties	8,469	(11,506)
Other payables	441,508	116,182
Other current liabilities	113,026	38,435
Net defined benefit liabilities	(812)	(62,470)
Cash generated from (used in) operations	594,567	(2,343,698)
Interest paid	(102,710)	(90,439)
Income tax paid	(394,248)	(389,071)
Net cash generated from (used in) operating activities	<u>97,609</u>	<u>(2,823,208)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(22,001)	(1,524)
Capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	57,475	9,911
Decrease in financial assets at amortized cost	30,000	852,211

(Continued)

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2025	2024
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method	\$ (14,969)	\$ (178,499)
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	778,595	10,308
Net cash outflow on acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 26)	(54,375)	(36,725)
Net cash outflow on disposal of subsidiaries	(4,697)	-
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(218,667)	(210,477)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	108,825	777
Increase in refundable deposits	(53,198)	(50,576)
Payments for intangible assets	(108,983)	(57,766)
Decrease in long-term receivables	-	4,168
Increase in other financial assets	(57,645)	(60,047)
(Increase) decrease in other non-current assets	(42,192)	47,975
Interest received	91,050	129,994
Dividends received from associates	75,357	39,141
Dividends received	<u>308,539</u>	<u>57,520</u>
Net cash generated from investing activities	<u>873,114</u>	<u>556,391</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
(Decrease) increase in short-term loans	(637,609)	54,328
Proceeds from long-term borrowing	344,119	-
Repayment of long-term borrowings	-	(12,051)
Increase in guarantee deposits received	2,128	50
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(244,369)	(215,810)
Dividends paid	(1,415,654)	(1,415,770)
Proceeds from employee share options	64,875	43,307
Proceeds from reissuance of treasury shares	-	3,956,683
Acquisition of interests in subsidiaries	(13,943)	-
Changes in non-controlling interests	(82,620)	(1,309,275)
Cash dividends received by subsidiaries from the Corporation	-	111,331
Other financing activities	<u>3,966</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash (used in) generated from financing activities	<u>(1,979,107)</u>	<u>1,212,793</u>
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	<u>(93,171)</u>	<u>140,846</u>
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,101,555)	(913,178)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	<u>6,196,885</u>	<u>7,110,063</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 5,095,330</u>	<u>\$ 6,196,885</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 2, 2026)

(Concluded)

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Systex Corporation (the “Corporation”) was incorporated on January 7, 1997 under the provision of the Company Act of the Republic of China and other laws and regulations. The Corporation is mainly engaged in sales and leases of computer software and related equipment, transmission and security of value-added network, maintenance of database, and consultation.

The Corporation’s shares have been traded on Emerging Stock Market since April 10, 2002 and Taipei Exchange since January 6, 2003. On December 30, 2010, the Corporation has changed the listing and trading of its shares to the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) are presented in the Corporation’s functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

2. APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Corporation’s board of directors on February 25, 2026.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

- a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the “IFRS Accounting Standards”) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

Amendments to IAS 21 “Lack of Exchangeability”

The initial application of the Amendments to IAS 21 “Lack of Exchangeability” did not have a material impact on the Group’s accounting policies.

- b. The IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2026

<u>New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations</u>	<u>Effective Date Announced by IASB</u>
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 “Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments	January 1, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 “Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity”	January 1, 2026
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11	January 1, 2026
IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts” (including the 2020 and 2021 amendments to IFRS 17)	January 1, 2023

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impacts of the above application of the amendments on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

- c. The IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

<u>New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations</u>	<u>Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)</u>
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	To be determined by IASB
IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"	January 1, 2027 (Note 2)
IFRS 19 "Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures" (including the 2025 amendments to IFRS 19)	January 1, 2027
Amendments to IAS 21 "Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency"	January 1, 2027

Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRS Accounting Standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

Note 2: On September 25, 2025, the FSC announced that IFRS 18 will take effect starting from January 1, 2028. Domestic entities could elect to apply IFRS 18 for an earlier period after the endorsement of IFRS 18 by the FSC.

IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements" and consequential amendments

IFRS 18 will supersede IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The main changes comprise:

- To classify items of income and expenses presented in the statement of profit or loss into the operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations categories, the Group shall assess whether it has specified main business activities of investing in particular types of assets and providing financing to customers.
- The statement of profit or loss shall present totals and subtotals for operating profit or loss, profit or loss before financing and income taxes and profit or loss.
- Provides guidance to enhance the requirements of aggregation and disaggregation: The Group shall identify the assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows that arise from individual transactions or other events and shall classify and aggregate them into groups based on shared characteristics, so as to result in the presentation in the primary financial statements of line items that have at least one similar characteristic. The Group shall disaggregate items with dissimilar characteristics in the primary financial statements and in the notes. The Group labels items as "other" only if it cannot find a more informative label.
- Disclosures on Management-defined Performance Measures (MPMs): When in public communications outside financial statements and communicating to users of financial statements management's view of an aspect of the financial performance of the Group as a whole, the Group shall disclose related information about its MPMs in a single note to the financial statements, including the description of such measures, calculations, reconciliations to the subtotal or total specified by IFRS Accounting Standards and the income tax and non-controlling interests effects of related reconciliation items.

In addition, the following consequential amendments have been made to IAS 7 “Statement of Cash Flows”:

- The Group shall use operating profit or loss as the starting point when presenting cash flows from operating activities under the indirect method.
- Interest and dividends received by the Group shall be classified as investing activities, while interest and dividends paid shall be classified as financing activities. However, if, after assessment, the Group has a specific main operating activity, it shall determine how to classify dividends received, interest received and interest paid in the statement of cash flows by referring to how it classifies dividend income, interest income and interest expense in the statement of profit or loss. The total of each of these cash flows shall be classified in a single category in the statement of cash flows.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impacts of the above application of the amendments on the Group’s financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial instruments which are measured at fair value, contingent considerations assumed in business combinations and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, and
- 2) Liabilities for which the Group does not have the substantial right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

d. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Corporation and the entities controlled by the Corporation (i.e., its subsidiaries). Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisitions up to the effective dates of disposal, as appropriate. When necessary, adjustments are made to the consolidated financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Corporation. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Corporation and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the interests of the Group and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Corporation.

See Note 13, Tables 8 and 9 for the detailed information of subsidiaries (including the percentage of ownership and main business).

e. Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

Where the consideration the Group transfers in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and considered as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments being made against goodwill or gains on bargain purchases. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the measurement period about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date. The measurement period does not exceed 1 year from the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Other contingent consideration is remeasured at fair value at the end of subsequent reporting period with any gain or loss recognized in profit or loss.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value.

The Group does not apply the acquisition method for business combinations under the group restructurings. The transaction is accounted for applying the book-value method at the date of the acquisition and comparative information of the prior period in the consolidated financial statements is restated as if the acquisition had already occurred.

f. Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value is determined. Exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income; in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary item denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost is stated at the reporting currency as originally translated from the foreign currency.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of the Group's foreign operations (including subsidiaries and associates in other countries) that are prepared using functional currencies which are different from the currency of the Company are translated into the presentation currency, the New Taiwan dollar, as follows: Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period; and income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income (attributed to the owners of the Company and non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e., a disposal of the Corporation's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Corporation are reclassified to profit or loss.

In relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Corporation losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences is re-attributed to non-controlling interests of the subsidiary and is not recognized in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals, the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

g. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at the weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

h. Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture.

The Group uses the equity method to account for its investments in associates. Under the equity method, investments in an associate is initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. The Group also recognizes the changes in the Group's share of equity of associates.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of an associate recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortized. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When the Group subscribes for additional new shares of the associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Group's proportionate interest in the associate. The Group records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus - changes in the Group's share of equity of associates. If the Group's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription of the new shares of associate, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate is reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the investee had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. When the adjustment should be debited to capital surplus, but the capital surplus recognized from investments accounted for by the equity method is insufficient, the shortage is debited to retained earnings.

When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any carrying amount of the investment accounted for by the equity method and long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses and liabilities are recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal obligations, or constructive obligations, or made payments on behalf of that associate.

The entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized is not allocated to any asset that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date on which the investment ceases to be an associate. Any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as the investment's fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the associate attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. The Group accounts for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required had that associate directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When the Group entity transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

i. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Except for freehold land which is not depreciated, the depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

j. Goodwill

Goodwill arising from the acquisition of a business is measured at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment loss.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units (referred to as "cash-generating units") that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired, by comparing its carrying amount, including the attributed goodwill, with its recoverable amount. However, if the goodwill allocated to a cash-generating unit was acquired in a business combination during the current annual period, that unit shall be tested for impairment before the end of the current annual period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then pro rata to the other assets of the unit based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss is recognized directly in profit or loss. Any impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

If goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and the entity disposes of an operation within that unit, the goodwill associated with the operation which is disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal and is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

k. Intangible assets

1) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets and patents with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful life, residual values, and amortization methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

2) Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets (technological expertise and client relationship) acquired in a business combination and recognized separately from goodwill are initially recognized at their fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

3) Derecognition of intangible assets

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

l. Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets, excluding goodwill, to determine whether there is any indication that those asset have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Corporate assets are allocated to the individual or smallest group of cash-generating units on a reasonable and consistent allocation basis.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the corresponding asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

m. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”)) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

a) Measurement categories

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: Financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at amortized cost and equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”).

i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when such a financial assets are mandatorily classified as at FVTPL. Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI and debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss does not incorporate any dividends or interest earned on such a financial asset.

ii. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables at amortized cost, are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of such a financial asset, except for:

- i) Purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, for which interest income is calculated by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets; and
- ii) Financial assets that are not credit-impaired on purchase or origination but have subsequently become credit-impaired, for which interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets in subsequent reporting periods.

A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more of the following events have occurred:

- i) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- ii) Breach of contract, such as a default;
- iii) It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or undergo a financial reorganization; or
- iv) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Cash equivalents include time deposits with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

iii. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation as at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments; instead, it will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

b) Impairment of financial assets and contract assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on financial assets at amortized cost (including accounts receivable) and lease receivables, as well as contract assets.

The Group always recognizes lifetime ECLs for accounts receivable, lease receivables and contract assets. For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

ECLs reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The Group recognizes an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

2) Equity instruments

Debt or equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The repurchase of the Corporation's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Corporation's own equity instruments.

3) Financial liabilities

a) Subsequent measurement

Except the following situations, all the financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method:

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when such financial liabilities are business combinations of the contingent consideration.

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL are stated at fair value, and any remeasurement gains or losses on such financial liabilities are recognized in other gains or losses.

b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

n. Provisions

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the discounted cash flows of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Warranties

Provisions for the expected cost of warranty obligations to assure that products comply with agreed-upon specifications are recognized on the date of sale of the relevant products at the best estimate by the management of the Company of the expenditures required to settle the Group's obligations.

o. Revenue recognition

The Group identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

Sales revenue comes from sales of computer hardware and software. Revenue from the sale of computer hardware and software is recognized upon delivery of the goods to customers and the customers have full discretion over the price to sell the goods, rights to use the goods, and bears the risks of obsolescence. Accounts receivable are recognized concurrently. The transaction price received under the conditions of a contract is recognized as a contract liability until the goods have been delivered to the customer.

Service revenue comes from maintenance of computer software and hardware, value-added network services and related consultation. As the Group provides services, customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits provided by the Group's performance. Consequently, the related revenue is recognized when services are rendered. Service revenue other than stated above is recognized when services have been completed.

Other operating revenue is mainly comprised of rental revenue on leases of computer equipment, which is recognized over the term of the lease.

p. Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

1) The Group as lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of a lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Under finance leases, the lease payments comprise fixed payments, in-substance fixed payments, variable lease payments which depend on an index or a rate, residual value guarantees, the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and payments of penalties for terminating a lease if the lease term reflects such termination, less any lease incentives payable. The net investment in a lease is measured at (a) the present value of the sum of the lease payments receivable by a lessor and any unguaranteed residual value accrued to the lessor plus (b) initial direct costs and is presented as a finance lease receivable. Finance lease income is allocated to the relevant accounting periods so as to reflect a constant, periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of leases.

Lease payments (less any lease incentives payable) from operating leases are recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining operating leases are added to the carrying amounts of the underlying assets and recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

2) The Group as lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for by applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost (the initial measurement of lease liabilities). Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments (fixed payments).

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate will be used.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in a lease term, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use assets. However, if the carrying amount of a right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

q. Employee benefits

1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as expenses when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost (including current service cost and past service cost) and net interest on the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement (including actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling and the return on plan assets excluding interest) is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which it occurs. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liabilities (assets) represent the actual deficit (surplus) in the Group's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

r. Share-based payment arrangements

The fair value at the grant date of the restricted shares for employees is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's best estimates of the number of shares that are expected to ultimately vest, with a corresponding increase in other equity - unearned employee benefits.

When restricted shares for employees are issued, other equity - unearned employee benefits is recognized on the grant date, with a corresponding increase in capital surplus-restricted shares for employees. Dividends paid to employees on restricted shares that do not need to be returned if employees resign in the vesting period are recognized as expenses when the dividends are declared with a corresponding adjustment in retained earnings.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of restricted shares for employees that are expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates is recognized in profit or loss such that the cumulative expenses reflect the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to capital surplus - restricted shares for employees.

When award employee share options of the equity-settled share-based payments for employees are issued, is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's best estimates of the number of shares or options that are expected to ultimately vest, with a corresponding increase in capital surplus. The expense is recognized in full at the grant date if the grants are vested immediately.

s. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

Income tax payable is based on taxable profit for the year determined according to the applicable tax laws of each tax jurisdiction.

According to the Income Tax Act in the ROC, an additional tax of unappropriated earnings is provided for as income tax in the year the shareholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. If a temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, and at the time of the transaction, does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, the resulting deferred tax asset or liability is not recognized.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused loss carryforwards to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and such temporary differences are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3) Current and deferred tax

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity; in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimations, and assumptions on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<u>December 31</u>	
	2025	2024
Cash on hand	\$ 433	\$ 457
Checking accounts and demand deposits	4,211,994	5,312,436
Cash equivalents		
Time deposits with original maturities of less than 3 months	<u>882,903</u>	<u>883,992</u>
	<u>\$ 5,095,330</u>	<u>\$ 6,196,885</u>
Range of interest rates per annum		
Time deposits with original maturities of less than 3 months	3.13%-3.90%	4.30%-4.91%

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FVTPL

	<u>December 31</u>	
	2025	2024
<u>Financial assets - current</u>		
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL		
Mutual funds	\$ 7,214,147	\$ 5,857,930
Listed shares	<u>50,296</u>	<u>44,790</u>
	<u>\$ 7,264,443</u>	<u>\$ 5,902,720</u>
<u>Financial assets - non-current</u>		
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL		
Unlisted shares	\$ 2,319,902	\$ 2,571,991
Listed shares	221,093	-
Unlisted preferred shares	64,327	69,442
Others	<u>221,368</u>	<u>131,546</u>
	<u>\$ 2,826,690</u>	<u>\$ 2,772,979</u>

(Continued)

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
<u>Financial liabilities (Note 26)</u>		
Contingent consideration - current	\$ 18,866	\$ 9,734
Contingent consideration - non-current	<u>\$ 18,976</u>	<u>\$ 34,982</u>
		(Concluded)

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTOCI - NON-CURRENT

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Investments in equity instruments		
Unlisted shares	\$ 83,277	\$ 162,033
Listed shares	28,800	33,480
Unlisted preferred shares	<u>847</u>	<u>2,232</u>
	<u>\$ 112,924</u>	<u>\$ 197,745</u>

These investments in equity instruments are held for medium- to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
<u>Current</u>		
Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 30,000</u>
Range of interest rates per annum	-	1.46%
<u>Non-current</u>		
Domestic corporate bonds	<u>\$ 500,000</u>	<u>\$ 500,000</u>
Interest rate	3.5%	3.5%

10. CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT FOR INVESTMENTS IN DEBT INSTRUMENTS

Investments in debt instruments were classified as at amortized cost.

	December 31	
	2025	2024
Gross carrying amount	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 500,000</u>	<u>\$ 500,000</u>

The Group's exposure and the external credit ratings are continuously monitored. The Group reviews changes in bond yields and other public information and makes an assessment whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

The Group considers the historical default rates of each credit rating supplied by external rating agencies, the current financial condition of debtors, and industry forecast to estimate 12-month or lifetime expected credit losses. The Group's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories:

Category	Description	Basis for Recognizing Expected Credit Losses	Expected Loss Rate	Gross Carrying Amount at December 31	
				2025	2024
Performing	The counterparty has a low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows	12m ECLs	0%	<u>\$ 500,000</u>	<u>\$ 500,000</u>

11. NOTES RECEIVABLE AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	December 31	
	2025	2024
Notes receivable	\$ 90,223	\$ 100,576
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>(172)</u>	<u>(172)</u>
	<u>\$ 90,051</u>	<u>\$ 100,404</u>
Accounts receivable	\$ 6,175,579	\$ 5,417,135
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>(145,097)</u>	<u>(80,563)</u>
	<u>\$ 6,030,482</u>	<u>\$ 5,336,572</u>

The average credit period of receivables is 60 to 90 days. The Group delegated a department responsible for managing receivables, establishing credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure the profitability of the Group.

The Group applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all receivables. The expected credit losses on receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to the past default records of the debtor, the debtor's current financial position, economic condition of the industry in which the debtor operates, as well as the GDP forecasts and industry outlook. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished according to the Group's different customer base.

The Group writes off a receivable when there is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. For receivables that have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

The following table details the loss allowance of receivables based on the Group's provision matrix:

December 31, 2025

	Not Past Due	Less than 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 to 270 Days	Over 271 Days	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$ 5,589,168	\$ 504,636	\$ 76,552	\$ 33,104	\$ 62,342	\$ 6,265,802
Loss allowance (Lifetime ECL)	<u>(187)</u>	<u>(4,320)</u>	<u>(54,601)</u>	<u>(23,915)</u>	<u>(62,246)</u>	<u>(145,269)</u>
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 5,588,981</u>	<u>\$ 500,316</u>	<u>\$ 21,951</u>	<u>\$ 9,189</u>	<u>\$ 96</u>	<u>\$ 6,120,533</u>

December 31, 2024

	Not Past Due	Less than 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 to 270 Days	Over 271 Days	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$ 4,383,358	\$ 876,545	\$ 169,429	\$ 32,035	\$ 56,344	\$ 5,517,711
Loss allowance (Lifetime ECL)	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,729)</u>	<u>(15,142)</u>	<u>(10,489)</u>	<u>(51,375)</u>	<u>(80,735)</u>
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 4,383,358</u>	<u>\$ 872,816</u>	<u>\$ 154,287</u>	<u>\$ 21,546</u>	<u>\$ 4,969</u>	<u>\$ 5,436,976</u>

The movements of the loss allowance of receivables were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Balance on January 1	\$ 80,735	\$ 105,996
Provision for loss allowance	62,839	182
Business combinations	1,663	-
Written off bad debts recovered	1,640	6,291
Amount written off	(1,363)	(34,510)
Foreign exchange	<u>(245)</u>	<u>2,776</u>
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ 145,269</u>	<u>\$ 80,735</u>

12. INVENTORIES

	December 31	
	2025	2024
Merchandise	\$ 6,675,179	\$ 5,086,153
Maintenance parts	<u>16,690</u>	<u>14,168</u>
	<u>\$ 6,691,869</u>	<u>\$ 5,100,321</u>

For the Year Ended December 31
2025 **2024**

(Write-down) reversal of inventory write-down (recognized as cost of goods sold) \$ (7,251) \$ 17,949

(Write-down) reversal of inventory write-down is mainly due to the (decrease) increase in net realizable value.

13. SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries Included in the Consolidated Financial Statements

Investor	Investee	Main Business	% of Ownership		Remark
			2025	2024	
The Corporation	Concord System Management Corporation (CSMC)	Design, assessment and planning of computer system and application software and data-processing system, sale and lease of computer hardware, peripheral equipment and spare parts, and repairs and maintenance services	100.00	100.00	
The Corporation	Systex Capital Group, Inc. (SCGI)	Investment activities including financial trust and holding	100.00	100.00	
The Corporation	Hanmore Investment Corporation (Hanmore)	General investment activities	48.92	48.92	a
The Corporation	Systex Software & Service Corporation (SSSC)	Sale and development of computer software, data-processing services	100.00	100.00	
The Corporation	Golden Bridge Corporation (GBC)	General investment activities	100.00	100.00	m
The Corporation	Taifon Computer Co., Ltd. (Taifon)	Design of computer hardware and software equipment system, computer room installation, and maintenance, sale, lease and consultation	100.00	100.00	
The Corporation	Ching Pu Investment Corporation (Ching Pu)	General investment activities	100.00	100.00	
The Corporation	Kimo.com (BVI) Corporation (Kimo BVI)	Investment activities including financial trust and holding	100.00	100.00	
The Corporation, Ching Pu and GBC	Syspower Corporation (Syspower)	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	87.32	87.32	
The Corporation	Systex Fintech Corporation (SFC)	Manufacturing of wire communication equipment and apparatus, electronic parts and components, and computers and peripheral equipment, installation of computer, and wholesale and retailing of computer and business machinery equipment	63.73	63.73	b
The Corporation	Systex Solutions Corporation (Systex Solutions)	Design, construction and sale of telecom instrument, electronic calculator and computer	100.00	100.00	
The Corporation	Naturint Corporation (Naturint)	Installation, sale, information software, data processing and other consultation on computer software and related equipment, network certification and software publication	100.00	100.00	
The Corporation	E-Service Information Corporation (E-Service)	Information software service, intellectual property rights, printing and data storage media manufacturing and copying	100.00	100.00	
The Corporation	Taiwan Information Service Technology Corporation (TIST)	Installation, sale, information software, data processing and other consultation on computer software and related equipment	67.38	67.38	
The Corporation	UniXecure Corporation (UniXecure)	Design, construction and sale of telecom instrument, electronic calculator and computer	96.25	96.25	c

(Continued)

Investor	Investee	Main Business	% of Ownership		Remark
			December 31		
			2025	2024	
The Corporation	Docutek Solutions, Inc. (Docutek Solutions)	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	54.92	54.92	d
The Corporation	MISYS Corporation (MISYS)	Information software service	-	100.00	e
The Corporation	System Vietnam Company Limited (SVCL)	Computer programming, software consulting and system consulting services, information technology service activities and other computer - related services, data processing leasing and related activities, management information services	100.00	100.00	f
GBC	SoftMobile Technology Corporation (SoftMobile)	Manufacturing of wire communication equipment and apparatus, electronic parts and components, and computers and peripheral equipment, installation of computer, and wholesale and retailing of computer and business machinery equipment	100.00	100.00	
Ching Pu	Taiwan Electronic Data Processing Corporation (TEDP)	Design, installation, maintenance, lease and consultation on computer software and hardware equipment system, computer room engineering, network equipment system integration, and wholesale and retailing of medical appliances	69.59	69.59	g
CSMC	Top Information Technologies Co., Ltd. (Top Information)	Sale of computer peripheral equipment and office machines, design of computer system and professional repairs services	100.00	100.00	
Docutek Solutions	ANSecurity Inc. (ANSecurity)	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	-	-	d
ANSecurity	Docutek Services Corporation (Docutek Services)	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	-	-	d
Kimo BVI	System Information (HK) Limited (System HK)	Sale of computer and peripheral equipment, retailing and processing of information of software	100.00	100.00	
Kimo BVI	System Information (Shanghai) Corporation (System)	Sale of computer and peripheral equipment, retailing and processing of information software	100.00	100.00	
Kimo BVI	Rainbow Tech Information (HK) Ltd. (RTIHK)	Sale of computer and peripheral equipment, retailing and processing of information software	100.00	92.00	l
Kimo BVI	System Solutions (HK) Limited (SSHK)	Investment activities including financial trust and holding	100.00	100.00	
Kimo BVI	Gemini Data (Gemini Data)	IT services, software development, wholesale and retail of computers and related equipment, electronic data processing and related services	100.00	100.00	
Kimo BVI	SYSTEMASIA PTE. LTD. (STS)	IT solutions and consulting services	50.00	-	h
Kimo BVI and SCGI	Syscore Corporation (Syscore)	General investment activities.	100.00	100.00	
Syscore	Syslink Corporation (Syslink)	General Investment activities	100.00	100.00	
Syscore	Syslong Corporation (Syslong)	General Investment activities	100.00	100.00	
Syslink	Dawning Technology Inc. (Dawning)	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	81.68	91.60	k
Syslink	Palsys Digital Technology Corporation (Palsys)	Sale of computer peripheral equipment and office machines, design of computer system and professional repairs services	79.26	79.26	
Syslink	Syswiser Technology Corporation (Syswiser)	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	100.00	100.00	
Syslink	Caresys Information, Inc. (Caresys)	Software design and data processing, electronic information service industry, wholesale of computers and office machinery, wholesale of software, wholesale of telecommunication equipment, wholesale of electronic materials	70.00	70.00	i

(Continued)

Investor	Investee	Main Business	% of Ownership		Remark
			December 31		
			2025	2024	
Syslink and SSSC	Smartsys Technology Corporation (Smartsys)	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	100.00	100.00	j
Systex HK	Systex Group (China) Ltd. (Systex China)	Management consultation, marketing and sale, and capital and operation financial management	100.00	100.00	
Systex China	Systex Rainbow Tech Inc. (Systex Rainbow)	Research, development, installation and wholesale of software and hardware technique and internet system	100.00	100.00	
Systex China	Systex Ucom (Shanghai) Information Co., Ltd. (Systex Ucom)	Software design and data processing, retailing and service of software	100.00	100.00	
Systex Ucom	Systex Rainbow (Shanghai) Tech Inc. (Rainbow Shanghai)	Research, development, installation and wholesale of software and hardware technique and internet system	100.00	100.00	
STS	SYSTEX ASIA SDN. BHD.(STM)	Development of online and web-based business application software and websites, as well as computer operation and software consulting services	100.00	-	h
STS	PT SYSTEX ASIA INDONESIA (STI)	Computer software and related consulting services	100.00	-	h
STS	Ark Virtualization Pte. Ltd. (ARKV)	Information technology staffing, outsourcing services, and IT consulting services	100.00	-	h
STS	CXA Global Pte. Ltd. (CXA)	Agency and consulting services for computer software systems	100.00	-	h

(Concluded)

- a. The Group holds 48.92% interest in Hanmore. Since the Group is considered to have the practical power to direct the relevant activities of Hanmore, Hanmore is identified as a subsidiary. Since January 2025, the Group no longer possesses the practical power to direct the relevant activities of Hanmore. Accordingly, the investment in Hanmore is accounted for using the equity method and is no longer included in the consolidated financial statements. The Group measured its investment in Hanmore at fair value on the date control was lost, and no gain or loss on disposal was recognized.
- b. SFC issued new shares in May 2024 due to the exercise of employee share options. The Corporation did not subscribe for new shares issued by SFC and reduced its interest in SFC to 63.73%.
- c. UniXecure issued new shares in December 2024. The Corporation did not subscribe for new shares issued by UniXecure and reduced its interest in UniXecure to 96.25%.
- d. Docutek Solutions, ANSecurities and Docutek Services completed their merger in September 2024. Docutek Solutions as the surviving entity, while ANSecurities and Docutek Services is designated as the dissolved company.
- e. The Corporation and MISYS completed the merger in March 2025. The Corporation as the surviving entity, while MISYS is designated as the dissolved company.
- f. SVCL was incorporated in May 2024.
- g. TEDP has been under dissolution and liquidation processes after the approval of shareholders in their meeting in December 2020. As of June 30, 2025 the liquidation procedures have not been completed.
- h. In February 2025, Kimo BVI acquired 50% interest and 52.5% of the voting rights in STS. Accordingly, STS and its subsidiaries, STM, STI, ARKV, and CXA, were included in the consolidated financial statements starting from the acquisition date.

- i. Syslink acquired 70% interest in Caresys in July 2024. Caresys was included in the consolidated financial statements starting from the acquisition date.
- j. In December 2024, Systex Software & Service disposed of 50% interest in Smartsys to Syslink; since the transaction was under common control, no gains or losses were recognized.
- k. Dawning issued new shares in May 2025 due to the exercise of employee share options. Syslink did not subscribe for new shares issued by Dawning and reduced its interest in Dawning to 81.68%.
- l. Kimo BVI acquired an additional 8% interest in RTIHK from non-controlling shareholders in July 2025 and increased its interest in RTIHK to 100%.
- m. The Corporation and GBC completed the merger in February 2026. The Corporation as the surviving entity, while GBC is designated as the dissolved company.

All accounts of subsidiaries were included in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

14. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Investments in associates	<u>\$ 1,811,951</u>	<u>\$ 2,187,582</u>
Aggregate information of associates:		
	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
The Group's share of:		
Net profit for the year	\$ 185,772	\$ 211,823
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the year	<u>(36,685)</u>	<u>63,962</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>\$ 149,087</u>	<u>\$ 275,785</u>

The investments accounted for using the equity method of the Group and its share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income were calculated based on the financial statements which have not been audited. The management believes the financial statements that have not been audited would not have material impact on the investments under the equity method or the share of profit and other comprehensive income in the consolidated financial statements.

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land	Buildings	Computer Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Lease Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Other Equipment	Total
<u>Cost</u>								
Balance on January 1, 2024	\$ 1,016,441	\$ 1,462,603	\$ 422,355	\$ 2,067	\$ 52,910	\$ 103,952	\$ 158,052	\$ 3,218,380
Additions	-	-	101,736	-	10,378	66,099	33,344	211,557
Disposals	-	-	(51,662)	-	(8,249)	(8,130)	(15,461)	(83,502)
Acquisitions through business combinations	-	-	694	-	-	505	110	1,309
Reclassification	-	-	777	-	7,625	12,356	31,212	51,970
Foreign exchange	-	13,726	2,185	84	-	447	845	17,287
Balance on December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 1,016,441</u>	<u>\$ 1,476,329</u>	<u>\$ 476,085</u>	<u>\$ 2,151</u>	<u>\$ 62,664</u>	<u>\$ 175,229</u>	<u>\$ 208,102</u>	<u>\$ 3,417,001</u>

(Continued)

	Land	Buildings	Computer Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Lease Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Other Equipment	Total
<u>Accumulated depreciation and impairment</u>								
Balance on January 1, 2024	\$ 7,694	\$ 620,579	\$ 219,015	\$ 1,775	\$ 23,545	\$ 57,159	\$ 69,483	\$ 999,250
Depreciation expense	-	23,266	94,607	163	17,295	25,950	35,267	196,548
Disposals	-	-	(51,599)	-	(8,249)	(8,130)	(15,398)	(83,376)
Acquisitions through business combinations	-	-	536	-	-	421	23	980
Reclassification	-	-	(4,659)	-	(23)	(1,755)	(65)	(6,502)
Foreign exchange	-	4,438	1,712	81	-	442	453	7,126
Balance on December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 7,694</u>	<u>\$ 648,283</u>	<u>\$ 259,612</u>	<u>\$ 2,019</u>	<u>\$ 32,568</u>	<u>\$ 74,087</u>	<u>\$ 89,763</u>	<u>\$ 1,114,026</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 1,008,747</u>	<u>\$ 828,046</u>	<u>\$ 216,473</u>	<u>\$ 132</u>	<u>\$ 30,096</u>	<u>\$ 101,142</u>	<u>\$ 118,339</u>	<u>\$ 2,302,975</u>
<u>Cost</u>								
Balance on January 1, 2025	\$ 1,016,441	\$ 1,476,329	\$ 476,085	\$ 2,151	\$ 62,664	\$ 175,229	\$ 208,102	\$ 3,417,001
Additions	24,300	28,114	123,336	2,028	333	28,164	12,392	218,667
Disposals	(24,524)	(47,031)	(66,267)	(1,616)	(19,750)	(11,330)	(31,001)	(201,519)
Acquisitions through business combinations	-	17,839	15,694	328	-	8,201	1,453	43,515
Reclassification	-	-	1,624	-	9,941	4,670	4,583	20,818
Foreign exchange	-	(5,455)	(584)	(13)	-	(63)	(316)	(6,431)
Balance on December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 1,016,217</u>	<u>\$ 1,469,796</u>	<u>\$ 549,888</u>	<u>\$ 2,878</u>	<u>\$ 53,188</u>	<u>\$ 204,871</u>	<u>\$ 195,213</u>	<u>\$ 3,492,051</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation and impairment</u>								
Balance on January 1, 2025	\$ 7,694	\$ 648,283	\$ 259,612	\$ 2,019	\$ 32,568	\$ 74,087	\$ 89,763	\$ 1,114,026
Depreciation expense	-	23,754	105,275	349	16,378	34,453	37,628	217,837
Impairment loss	-	-	-	-	-	249	-	249
Disposals	-	(24,568)	(65,830)	(1,616)	(19,750)	(10,339)	(30,963)	(153,066)
Acquisitions through business combinations	-	3,449	12,371	235	-	7,386	923	24,364
Reclassification	-	-	(233)	-	(17)	1,066	-	816
Foreign exchange	-	(1,706)	(430)	(53)	(2)	(85)	(140)	(2,416)
Balance on December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 7,694</u>	<u>\$ 649,212</u>	<u>\$ 310,765</u>	<u>\$ 934</u>	<u>\$ 29,177</u>	<u>\$ 106,817</u>	<u>\$ 97,211</u>	<u>\$ 1,201,810</u>
Carrying amount on December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 1,008,523</u>	<u>\$ 820,584</u>	<u>\$ 239,123</u>	<u>\$ 1,944</u>	<u>\$ 24,011</u>	<u>\$ 98,054</u>	<u>\$ 98,002</u>	<u>\$ 2,290,241</u>

(Concluded)

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	19-60 years
Computer equipment and other equipment	3-7 years
Transportation equipment	5-6 years
Lease equipment and leasehold improvements	2-5 years

Property, plant and equipment pledged as collateral for bank borrowings are set out in Note 31.

16. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
<u>Carrying amount</u>		
Buildings	\$ 468,948	\$ 393,229
Machinery	115,123	83,548
Transportation equipment	<u>2,150</u>	<u>3,719</u>
	<u>\$ 586,221</u>	<u>\$ 480,496</u>

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Additions to right-of-use assets	<u>\$ 347,311</u>	<u>\$ 242,067</u>
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets		
Buildings	\$ 193,548	\$ 174,678
Machinery	49,889	40,761
Transportation equipment	<u>2,160</u>	<u>2,432</u>
	<u>\$ 245,597</u>	<u>\$ 217,871</u>

b. Lease liabilities

	December 31	
	2025	2024
<u>Carrying amount</u>		
Current	<u>\$ 219,671</u>	<u>\$ 193,671</u>
Non-current	<u>\$ 378,948</u>	<u>\$ 298,305</u>

Range of discount rates for lease liabilities was as follows:

	December 31	
	2025	2024
Buildings	1.00%-8.84%	1.00%-4.50%
Machinery	1.00%-1.25%	1.00%-1.75%
Transportation equipment	1.25%-1.75%	1.00%-1.75%

c. Material leasing activities and terms

The Group leases buildings for the use of offices and machinery and transportation equipment for the use of operation with lease terms of 1 to 7 years. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leasehold buildings and equipment at the end of the lease terms.

d. Other lease information

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Expenses relating to short-term leases and low-value asset leases	<u>\$ 85,035</u>	<u>\$ 65,246</u>
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ 340,470</u>	<u>\$ 286,021</u>

The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases which qualify as short-term leases and low-value asset leases.

The amounts of lease commitments for which the recognition exemption was applied were \$18,332 thousand and \$6,487 thousand as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

17. BANK LOANS

a. Short-term loans

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Unsecured loans	\$ 1,155,489	\$ 1,690,000
Secured loans	<u>298,828</u>	<u>411,186</u>
	<u>\$ 1,454,317</u>	<u>\$ 2,101,186</u>
Annual interest rate		
Unsecured loans	1.95%-3.35%	1.88%-2.69%
Secured loans	1.95%-2.85%	2.36%-3.50%

Refer to Note 31 for the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment - land and buildings provided as collaterals for the above secured loans.

b. Long-term loans

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Unsecured loans	\$ 373,115	\$ -
Secured loans	92,474	111,583
Less: Current portion	<u>(14,291)</u>	<u>(14,104)</u>
	<u>\$ 451,298</u>	<u>\$ 97,479</u>
Annual interest rate		
Unsecured loans	2.03%-4.38%	-
Secured loans	0.50%-2.10%	0.50%-2.56%

Refer to Note 31 for the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment - land and buildings provided as collaterals for the above secured loans.

18. BONDS PAYABLE

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Unsecured domestic bonds	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000
Less: Discount on bonds payable	(915)	(2,143)
Less: Current portion	<u>(2,999,085)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,997,857</u>

In September 2021, the Corporation issued 3,000 units (each unit at par value of \$1,000 thousand), 0.82% NTD-denominated unsecured bonds, in an aggregate principal amount of \$3,000,000 thousand. The five-year bonds will mature in September 2026. Interest is paid annually and the principal will be repaid in full on the maturity date. The funds raised by the issuance of bonds were used to repay the bank loan and replenish the working capital.

19. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The Corporation and its domestic subsidiaries adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (“LPA”), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, an entity makes monthly contributions to employees’ individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

The employees of Systex HK, RTIHK, Systek, Systex Rainbow, Systex China, Systex Ucom and Rainbow Guangzhou are members of state-managed retirement benefit plans operated by the governments of their respective jurisdictions. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a specified percentages of payroll costs to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit plan is to make the specified contributions.

b. Defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plan adopted by the Corporation and several of its domestic subsidiaries in accordance with the Labor Standards Act is operated by the government of the ROC. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the six months before retirement. These entities contribute amounts equal to 2% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee’s name. Before the end of each year, the Group assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Group is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (“the Bureau”); the Group has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

The amounts included in the consolidated balance sheets in respect of the Group’s defined benefit plans were as follows:

	December 31	
	2025	2024
Present value of defined benefit obligation	\$ 663,367	\$ 594,303
Fair value of plan assets	<u>(601,175)</u>	<u>(556,040)</u>
	<u>\$ 62,192</u>	<u>\$ 38,263</u>

Movements in net defined benefit liability were as follows:

	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit Liability
Balance on January 1, 2024	<u>\$ 625,095</u>	<u>\$ (502,548)</u>	<u>\$ 122,547</u>
Service cost			
Current service cost	870	-	870
Net interest expense (income)	<u>7,531</u>	<u>(6,258)</u>	<u>1,273</u>
Recognized in profit or loss	<u>8,401</u>	<u>(6,258)</u>	<u>2,143</u>
			(Continued)

	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit Liability
Remeasurement			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest)	\$ -	\$ (43,052)	\$ (43,052)
Actuarial loss - changes in financial assumptions	(12,350)	-	(12,350)
Actuarial loss - experience adjustments	<u>39,970</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>39,970</u>
Recognized in other comprehensive loss	<u>27,620</u>	<u>(43,052)</u>	<u>(15,432)</u>
Contributions from the employer	-	(67,321)	(67,321)
Benefits paid	(61,921)	61,921	-
repayment	(4,892)	-	(4,892)
Settlement	<u>-</u>	<u>1,218</u>	<u>1,218</u>
Balance on December 31, 2024	<u>594,303</u>	<u>(556,040)</u>	<u>38,263</u>
Service cost			
Current service cost	796	(785)	11
Net interest expense (income)	<u>8,606</u>	<u>(7,476)</u>	<u>1,130</u>
Recognized in profit or loss	<u>9,402</u>	<u>(8,261)</u>	<u>1,141</u>
Remeasurement			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest)	-	(39,210)	(39,210)
Actuarial loss - changes in demographic assumptions	32	-	32
Actuarial loss - changes in financial assumptions	23,734	-	23,734
Actuarial loss - experience adjustments	<u>40,900</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>40,900</u>
Recognized in other comprehensive loss	<u>64,666</u>	<u>(39,210)</u>	<u>25,456</u>
Contributions from the employer	-	(916)	(916)
Benefits paid	(3,252)	3,252	-
repayment	<u>(1,752)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,752)</u>
Balance on December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 663,367</u>	<u>\$ (601,175)</u>	<u>\$ 62,192</u>

(Concluded)

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Act, the Group is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The plan assets are invested in domestic and foreign equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets should not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
- 3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated using to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The significant assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

	December 31	
	2025	2024
Discount rates	1.25%-1.40%	1.50%
Expected rates of salary increase	1.50%-2.25%	1.20%-2.25%

If possible reasonable change in each of the significant actuarial assumptions occurs and all other assumptions remain constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase (decrease) as follows:

	December 31	
	2025	2024
Discount rates		
0.25%-0.50% increase	<u>\$ (22,527)</u>	<u>\$ (21,054)</u>
0.25%-0.50% decrease	<u>\$ 23,783</u>	<u>\$ 22,254</u>
Expected rates of salary increase		
0.25%-0.50% increase	<u>\$ 23,571</u>	<u>\$ 22,160</u>
0.25%-0.50% decrease	<u>\$ (22,535)</u>	<u>\$ (21,156)</u>

The above sensitivity analysis may not be representative of the actual change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions will occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

	December 31	
	2025	2024
The expected contributions to the plan for the next year	<u>\$ 894</u>	<u>\$ 3,441</u>
The average duration of the defined benefit obligation	10 years	10 years

20. EQUITY

a. Share capital

	December 31	
	2025	2024
Number of shares authorized (in thousands)	<u>400,000</u>	<u>400,000</u>
Share capital authorized (par value of \$10 per share)	<u>\$ 4,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,000,000</u>
Number of shares issued (in thousands)	<u>272,243</u>	<u>272,265</u>
Share capital issued	<u>\$ 2,722,431</u>	<u>\$ 2,722,654</u>

b. Capital surplus

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
<u>May be used to offset a deficit, distribute as cash dividends, or transfer to share capital (1)</u>		
Issuance of shares	\$ 4,612,945	\$ 4,548,396
The difference between the consideration paid or received and the carrying amount of the subsidiaries' net assets during actual acquisition or disposal	193,977	193,977
Donations	544	1,624
Treasury share transactions	3,847,584	3,847,584
<u>May only be used to offset a deficit</u>		
Changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries and associates (2)	21,460	30,416
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	4,493	4,493
<u>May not be used for any purpose</u>		
Employee restricted shares	<u>-</u>	<u>65,957</u>
	<u>\$ 8,681,003</u>	<u>\$ 8,692,447</u>

- 1) Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Corporation has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Corporation's capital surplus and once a year).
- 2) Such capital surplus arises from the effect of changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries resulting from equity transactions other than actual disposal on acquisition, or from changes in capital surplus of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using the equity method.

c. Retained earnings and dividends policy

Under the dividend policy as set forth in the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation ("Articles"), where the Corporation made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting losses of previous years, setting aside as legal reserve 10% of the remaining profit, setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Corporation's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to shareholders, except that the board of directors is authorized to adopt a special resolution to distribute dividends and bonuses in cash and a report of such distribution should be submitted in the shareholders' meeting.

For the policies on distribution of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors, please refer to Note 22 c. for details.

For the goal of sustainable operation and development, the Corporation considers the overall environment and the nature of industry growth along with the long-term financial planning, and applies the dividend policy for residual earnings. The Corporation evaluates the annual funding requirements according to its future capital budget and retains the required fund from the earnings, and distributes the residual earnings as follows:

- 1) Determine the optimal capital budget.

- 2) Determine the funding requirements to meet the optimal capital budget.
- 3) Determine the funding requirements to be met by unappropriated earnings (the remaining may be met through capital increase by cash or issuance of bonds).
- 4) The residual earnings, less an appropriate portion for the operation requirements, may be distributed to shareholders.

The Corporation's dividends may be distributed in cash or shares. The distribution of profits shall be made preferably by way of cash dividends. The distribution could also be made by way of stock dividends, which should not exceed 50% of the total distributed earnings in principle. In addition, dividend policy depends on criteria such as the Corporation's current and future investment environment, cash requirements, domestic and international competition, capital budget, etc. Further, the Corporation also takes into consideration shareholders' interests, balances of dividends and its long-term financial goals. Annually, the board of directors prepares a proposal on earnings appropriation for approval at the shareholders' meeting.

For the distribution of dividends, if the distribution is in cash, the board of directors shall be authorized to resolve the proposal by the vote of at least half of the directors present, provided the number of directors present shall be at least two-thirds of the entire board of directors, and report the distribution to the shareholders' meeting. The Corporation may distribute all or part of the reserve in accordance with laws or the regulations of the competent authority. If it is distributed in cash, the Corporation authorizes the board of directors to make resolutions in accordance with Article 241 of the Company Act and report to the shareholders' meeting.

Appropriation of earnings to legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Corporation's paid-in capital. Legal reserve may be used to offset deficits. If the Corporation has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Corporation's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

Under the local regulations, an amount equals to the net debit balance of total other equity items shall be appropriated as a special reserve. The special reserve may be reversed to the extent of the decrease in the net debit balance.

If the Corporation's shares are held by its subsidiaries at the end of the year and the market value of the shares held are lower than their carrying amounts, the Corporation should appropriate a special reserve equal to the difference between the carrying amounts and market value multiplied by its percentages of ownership in the subsidiaries. The special reserve can be reversed in proportion to the percentages of ownership in the subsidiaries when the market value of the shares increased.

The appropriations of earnings for 2024 and 2023, were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings	
	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Legal reserve	<u>\$ 197,036</u>	<u>\$ 145,896</u>
(Reversal) appropriation of special reserve	<u>\$ (202,984)</u>	<u>\$ 94,046</u>
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 1,415,664</u>	<u>\$ 1,415,977</u>
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	<u>\$ 5.2</u>	<u>\$ 5.2</u>

The above cash dividends were approved by the board of directors on April 9, 2025 and April 10, 2024, respectively, and the remaining appropriations of earnings were approved by the shareholders in their meetings on May 28, 2025 and May 29, 2024, respectively.

The appropriation of earnings for 2025 will be resolved by the shareholders in their meeting in May 2026.

Information about the appropriations of earnings and distribution of capital surplus are available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

d. Other equity items

1) Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations

	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	2025	2024
Balance on January 1	\$ (83,820)	\$ (300,036)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(123,152)	219,615
Share of associates accounted for using the equity method	(4,492)	(3,399)
Reclassification of disposal of share of associates accounted for using the equity method	<u>59</u>	<u>-</u>
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ (211,405)</u>	<u>\$ (83,820)</u>

2) Unrealized (loss) gain on financial assets at FVTOCI

	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	2025	2024
Balance on January 1	\$ (115,366)	\$ (102,134)
Unrealized loss on equity investments	(43,303)	(81,625)
Share of associates accounted for using the equity method	(33,076)	68,393
Reclassification of disposal of share of associates accounted for using the equity method	<u>(15,658)</u>	<u>-</u>
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ (207,403)</u>	<u>\$ (115,366)</u>

3) Unearned employee benefits

	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	2025	2024
Balance on January 1	\$ (15,863)	\$ (63,580)
Share-based payment expenses recognized	14,232	44,945
Cancellation of restricted shares for employees	<u>1,631</u>	<u>2,772</u>
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (15,863)</u>

Please refer to Note 25 for the issuance of restricted shares for employees.

e. Treasury shares

Purpose of Treasury Share	Number of Shares at January 1	Increase During the Year	Decrease During the Year	Number of Shares at December 31
<u>2024</u>				
Reclassification of the Corporation's shares held by subsidiaries from equity-method investments into treasury shares (in thousands)	<u>21,410</u>	-	<u>21,410</u>	-

For the Corporation's shares held by Hanmore, the investment cost of 48.92% (the ownership percentage owned by the Corporation) was transferred from investment accounted for using the equity method to treasury shares. The remaining was treated as recoveries from Hanmore's non-controlling interests, which were accounted for as deductions to non-controlling interests in balance sheets.

The Corporation's shares held by its subsidiaries are recorded as treasury shares, with the subsidiaries having the same rights as other common shareholders on these shares, except that the subsidiaries which are owned by the parent company for over 50% will not have the right to participate in any share issuance for cash or to vote.

In September 2024, Hanmore and Ching Pu sold all of their shares in the Corporation to Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd., with the sale proceeds amounting to \$2,611,398 thousand and \$1,345,285 thousand, respectively.

f. Non-controlling interests

	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	2025	2024
Balance on January 1	\$ 599,321	\$ 500,003
Attributable to non-controlling interests:		
Share of profit for the year	178,373	74,956
Remeasurement on defined benefit plans	109	(191)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(162)	932
Non-controlling interests arising from acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 26)	101,945	21,176
Partial disposal of subsidiaries	(41,395)	-
Equity transactions with non-controlling interests (Note 27)	77,949	28,020
Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries and return of capital reduction	(82,620)	(1,373,394)
Issuance of shares for cash by subsidiaries	-	7,500
Non-controlling interests related to recognition of share-based payment transactions by subsidiaries (Note 25)	1,223	6,850
Cash dividends distributed for non-controlling interests of Hanmore	-	56,619
Disposal of the Corporation's shares held by subsidiaries (Hanmore)	-	<u>1,276,850</u>
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ 834,743</u>	<u>\$ 599,321</u>

21. REVENUE

	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	2025	2024
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Revenue from the sale of goods	\$ 34,727,970	\$ 30,615,796
Revenue from the rendering of services	9,125,125	8,244,968
Other operating revenue	<u>116,360</u>	<u>89,878</u>
	<u>\$ 43,969,455</u>	<u>\$ 38,950,642</u>

Contract Balances

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	January 1, 2024
Notes and accounts receivable (Notes 11 and 30)	<u>\$ 6,120,533</u>	<u>\$ 5,436,976</u>	<u>\$ 6,268,637</u>
Contract assets	<u>\$ 68,521</u>	<u>\$ 39,534</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Contract liabilities (including current and non-current)	<u>\$ 3,919,460</u>	<u>\$ 2,658,884</u>	<u>\$ 2,360,602</u>

The Group measures the loss allowance for contract assets at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The contract assets will be transferred to accounts receivable when the corresponding invoice is billed to the client, and the contract assets have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. Therefore, the Group concluded that the expected loss rates for trade receivables can be applied to the contract assets.

The changes in the balance of contract assets and contract liabilities primarily result from the timing difference between the Group's satisfaction of performance obligations and the respective customer's payment.

22. NET PROFIT

a. Depreciation and amortization

	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	2025	2024
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 217,837	\$ 196,548
Right-of-use assets	245,597	217,871
Intangible assets	<u>72,817</u>	<u>48,043</u>
	<u>\$ 536,251</u>	<u>\$ 462,462</u>
An analysis of depreciation by function		
Operating costs	\$ 135,128	\$ 100,680
Operating expenses	<u>328,306</u>	<u>313,739</u>
	<u>\$ 463,434</u>	<u>\$ 414,419</u>

(Continued)

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
An analysis of amortization by function		
Operating costs	\$ 179	\$ 7
Operating expenses	<u>72,638</u>	<u>48,036</u>
	<u>\$ 72,817</u>	<u>\$ 48,043</u>
		(Concluded)

b. Employee benefits expenses

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Post-employment benefits		
Defined contribution plans	\$ 265,399	\$ 252,549
Defined benefit plans (Note 19)	<u>1,141</u>	<u>2,143</u>
	266,540	254,692
Compensation costs of share-based payment	34,032	78,829
Payroll	5,683,195	4,879,396
Labor and health insurance	416,315	387,741
Other employee benefits	<u>244,230</u>	<u>251,969</u>
	<u>\$ 6,644,312</u>	<u>\$ 5,852,627</u>
An analysis of employee benefits expenses by function		
Operating costs	\$ 419,537	\$ 384,181
Operating expenses	<u>6,224,775</u>	<u>5,468,446</u>
	<u>\$ 6,644,312</u>	<u>\$ 5,852,627</u>

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group had 4,977 and 4,626 employees, respectively.

c. Compensation of employees and remuneration of directors

In May 2025, the Corporation resolved the amendments to the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation. According to the amended Articles, the Corporation accrues compensation of employees at the rate no less than 2% and an additional 1% for grassroots employees, and accrues remuneration of directors at the rate no higher than 2%, of net profit before income tax, compensation of employees, non-executive employees, and remuneration of directors. Under the Articles before the amendments, the Corporation accrues compensation of employees and remuneration of directors at the rates no less than 0.1% and no higher than 2%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, compensation of employees and remuneration of directors. The estimated amounts of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
	Cash	Cash
Compensation of employees	<u>\$ 70,081</u>	<u>\$ 63,014</u>
Remuneration of directors	<u>\$ 46,720</u>	<u>\$ 42,009</u>

If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate.

There was no difference between the actual amounts of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Information on the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors resolved by the Corporation's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

d. Gain on sale of investments, net

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	<u>\$ 279,050</u>	<u>\$ 9,225</u>

e. Impairment losses recognized

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Investments accounted for using the equity method	\$ 9,354	\$ 164,616
Intangible assets	1,389	-
Property, plant and equipment	<u>249</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 10,992</u>	<u>\$ 164,616</u>

23. INCOME TAXES

a. The main components of tax expenses recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	\$ 401,750	\$ 316,939
Additional income tax on unappropriated earnings	43,386	25,040
Additional income tax under the Alternative Minimum Tax Act	6,696	156
Land value increment tax	936	-
Adjustments for prior years	<u>(15,201)</u>	<u>11,976</u>
	<u>437,567</u>	<u>354,111</u>
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current year	<u>5,170</u>	<u>9,962</u>
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 442,737</u>	<u>\$ 364,073</u>

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expense is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Profit before tax	<u>\$ 2,770,307</u>	<u>\$ 2,396,460</u>
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate	\$ 554,061	\$ 479,292
Permanent difference	(44,559)	(189,093)
Additional income tax under the Alternative Minimum Tax Act	6,696	156
Additional income tax on unappropriated earnings	43,386	25,040
Land value increment tax	936	-
Unrecognized loss carryforwards	425	12,137
Effect of different tax rate of group entities operating in other jurisdictions	(103,007)	24,565
Adjustments for prior years' tax	<u>(15,201)</u>	<u>11,976</u>
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 442,737</u>	<u>\$ 364,073</u>

The applicable tax rate used by subsidiaries in China is 25%. SCGI and KIMO are exempt from income tax under their local government regulations. Tax rates used by other group entities operating in other jurisdictions are based on the tax laws in those jurisdictions.

b. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
<u>Deferred tax</u>		
Remeasurement on defined benefit plan	<u>\$ 1,074</u>	<u>\$ 1,861</u>

c. Income tax recognized directly in equity

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Current tax		
Disposal of treasury share transactions	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 174,348</u>

d. Current tax assets and liabilities

	December 31	
	2025	2024
Current tax assets (recognized in other receivables)		
Tax refund receivable	<u>\$ 19,465</u>	<u>\$ 13,108</u>
Current tax liabilities		
Income tax payable	<u>\$ 310,377</u>	<u>\$ 368,746</u>

e. The movements of deferred tax assets and liabilities

For the year ended December 31, 2025

	Opening Balance	Acquisitions combinations	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Recognized in Other Com- prehensive Income	Exchange Differences	Closing Balance
<u>Deferred tax assets</u>						
Temporary differences						
Allowance for loss on inventories	\$ 23,591	\$ -	\$ (12,105)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,486
Payable for annual leave	3,463	-	1,149	-	-	4,612
Others	<u>10,131</u>	<u>2,289</u>	<u>13,132</u>	<u>(580)</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>25,066</u>
	37,185	2,289	2,176	(580)	94	41,164
Loss carryforwards	<u>897</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(761)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>136</u>
	<u>\$ 38,082</u>	<u>\$ 2,289</u>	<u>\$ 1,415</u>	<u>\$ (580)</u>	<u>\$ 94</u>	<u>\$ 41,300</u>
<u>Deferred tax liabilities</u>						
Temporary differences						
Exchange differences on foreign operations	\$ 5,846	\$ -	\$ 672	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,518
Others	<u>979</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>5,913</u>	<u>494</u>	<u>155</u>	<u>7,611</u>
	<u>\$ 6,825</u>	<u>\$ 70</u>	<u>\$ 6,585</u>	<u>\$ 494</u>	<u>\$ 155</u>	<u>\$ 14,129</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Recognized in Other Com- prehensive Income	Closing Balance
<u>Deferred tax assets</u>				
Temporary differences				
Allowance for loss on inventories	\$ 29,534	\$ (5,943)	\$ -	\$ 23,591
Payable for annual leave	2,838	625	-	3,463
Others	<u>17,024</u>	<u>(5,032)</u>	<u>(1,861)</u>	<u>10,131</u>
	49,396	(10,350)	(1,861)	37,185
Loss carryforwards	<u>136</u>	<u>761</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>897</u>
	<u>\$ 49,532</u>	<u>\$ (9,589)</u>	<u>\$ (1,861)</u>	<u>\$ 38,082</u>
<u>Deferred tax liabilities</u>				
Temporary differences				
Exchange differences on foreign operations	\$ 5,846	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,846
Others	<u>606</u>	<u>373</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>979</u>
	<u>\$ 6,452</u>	<u>\$ 373</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,825</u>

- f. Unused loss carryforwards for which no deferred tax assets have been recognized in the consolidated balance sheets

	December 31	
	2025	2024
Loss carryforwards		
Expiry in 2025	\$ -	\$ 19,450
Expiry in 2026	29,777	30,485
Expiry in 2027	3,522	3,522
Expiry in 2028	7,151	7,194
Expiry in 2029	89,741	89,741
Expiry in 2030	154	358
Expiry in 2031	1,136	1,516
Expiry in 2032	5,045	9,342
Expiry in 2033	32,393	78,671
Expiry in 2034	12,615	79,431
Expiry in 2035	<u>2,424</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 183,958</u>	<u>\$ 319,710</u>

- g. Information about unused loss carryforwards

Loss carryforwards as of December 31, 2025 comprised:

Expiry Year	Total Credit
2026	\$ 29,777
2027	3,522
2028	7,151
2029	90,038
2030	358
2031	1,315
2032	5,045
2033	32,393
2034	12,615
2035	<u>2,424</u>
	<u>\$ 184,638</u>

- h. Income tax assessments

Income tax returns through 2020 and undistributed earnings through 2019 of TEDP; income tax returns through 2022 and undistributed earnings through 2021 of the Corporation, SFC, SoftMobile, Systex Solutions, and Dawning; and income tax returns through 2023 and undistributed earnings through 2022 of SSSC, Taifon, Ching Pu, CSMC, Naturint, Syscore, Syslink, Smartsys, Syswiser, Syspower, GBC, Top Information, E-Service, TIST, Palsys, Syslong, UniXecure, Docutek Solutions, and Caresys have been assessed by the tax authorities.

24. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding in the computation of earnings per share were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
<u>Net income for the year</u>		
Net income for the year attributable to owners of the Corporation	<u>\$ 2,149,197</u>	<u>\$ 1,957,431</u>
<u>Number of shares (in thousands)</u>		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in the computation of basic earnings per share	271,562	255,667
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares:		
Compensation of employees	<u>666</u>	<u>503</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in the computation of diluted earnings per share	<u>272,228</u>	<u>256,170</u>
<u>Earnings per share (NT\$)</u>		
Basic earnings per share	<u>\$7.91</u>	<u>\$7.66</u>
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$7.89</u>	<u>\$7.64</u>

The Corporation may settle bonus to employees in cash or shares, therefore, the Corporation assumes the entire amount of the bonus will be settled in shares and the resulting potential shares are included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the shareholders resolve the number of shares to be distributed to employees at their meeting in the following year.

The pro-forma net income and earnings per share, assuming the Corporation's share held by subsidiaries were treated as investment instead of treasury shares, were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2024
<u>Net income for the year</u>	
Net income for the year attributable to owners of the Corporation	<u>\$ 2,068,762</u>
<u>Number of shares (in thousands)</u>	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in the computation of pro forma basic earnings per share	270,642
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares:	
Compensation of employees	<u>503</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in the computation of pro forma diluted earnings per share	<u>271,145</u>

(Continued)

**For the Year
Ended
December 31,
2024**

Earnings per share (NT\$)

Basic earnings per share	<u>\$7.64</u>
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$7.63</u>

(Concluded)

25. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

- a. On May 26, 2022, the shareholders in their meeting approved to issue 3,000 thousand shares under a restricted share plan for employees with a total amount of \$30,000 thousand, which was approved by the FSC. Vesting conditions of restricted stock awards (RSAs) are as follows:
- 1) The employees remain employed by the Group on the last date of each vesting period, and the employees' performance metrics and the Group's operational goal are met at the same time, and during the vesting period, the employees may not breach labor contracts with the Group or be given a major demerit according to the Group's rewards and punishment regulations.
 - 2) The maximum percentage of granted RSAs that may be vested each year shall be as follows: One year anniversary of the grant: 33%; two-year anniversary of the grant: 33%; and three-year anniversary of the grant: 34%; or the maximum percentage of granted RSAs that may be vested for the three years from 2022 to 2024 will be set as 100%; provided that the actual percentage and number of the RSAs to be vested in each year will be calculated based on the achievement of the employees' performance metrics and the Group's operational goals.

Restrictions imposed on the employees' rights in the RSAs before the vesting conditions are fulfilled:

- 1) During each vesting period, no employees granted RSAs may sell, pledge, transfer, give to another person, create any encumbrance on, or otherwise dispose of, any shares under the unvested RSAs according to trust agreement.
- 2) The attendance, proposal rights, speech rights, voting rights shall be exercised by the engaged trustee on the employees' behalf.
- 3) The RSAs should be delivered to trust custodians upon the grant date. The employees cannot request for refund by all means before the vesting conditions are fulfilled.
- 4) If the Corporation applies for non-statutory capital reduction, the RSAs should be cancelled in proportion to the capital reduction. The refund of cash shall be delivered to the engaged trustee before the vesting conditions are fulfilled. If the vesting conditions are not fulfilled, the Corporation will withdraw the refund of cash.
- 5) Except for the aforementioned restrictions, before the vesting conditions are fulfilled, any other shareholders' rights including but not limited to the entitlement to any distribution regarding dividends, bonuses and capital reserve, and the subscription right of the new shares issued for any capital increase, are the same as those of holders of common shares of the Corporation. The operations will be executed under trust agreement.

On August 3, 2022, the board of directors approved to issue 3,000 thousand shares under a restricted share plan for employees with a par value of \$10 per share and a total amount of \$30,000 thousand. The grant date was September 1, 2022, and the closing price was \$73.10.

- b. For the restricted shares for employees issued in September 2022 were fully vested or forfeited as of December 31, 2025.
- c. In 2024, Dawning, a subsidiary of the Corporation granted 4,400 units of employee share options. Each unit can subscribe for 1,000 ordinary shares of Dawning. The recipients include employees of the Corporation and Dawning who meet certain criteria. The options are vested upon granted and exercisable after the grant date with an exercise price of \$15. The fair value of the options is \$4.5 per share.
- d. In 2024, SFC, a subsidiary of the Corporation granted 2,005 units of employee share options. Each unit can subscribe for 1,000 ordinary shares of SFC. The recipients include employees of the Corporation and SFC who meet certain criteria. The options are vested upon granted and exercisable after the grant date with an exercise price of \$22. The fair value of the options is \$16.9 per share
- e. Compensation cost of share-based payment

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Restricted shares for employees	\$ 14,232	\$ 44,945
Employee share options	<u>19,800</u>	<u>33,884</u>
	<u>\$ 34,032</u>	<u>\$ 78,829</u>

26. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

- a. Subsidiaries acquired

Subsidiary	Principal Activity	Date of Acquisition	Proportion of Voting Equity Interests Acquired (%)
Caresys Information, Inc. (Caresys)	Software design and data processing, electronic information service industry, wholesale of computers and office machinery, wholesale of software, wholesale of telecommunication equipment, wholesale of electronic materials	July 2024	70
SYSTEXASIA PTE. LTD. (STS)	IT solutions and consulting services	February 2025	52.5/50

Caresys and STS were was acquired in order to continue the expansion of the Group's operations.

b. Consideration transferred

	Caresys	STS
Cash	\$ 94,286	\$ 277,290
Investment payable	24,634	-
Contingent consideration arrangement (recognized as investment payable)	<u>43,497</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 162,417</u>	<u>\$ 277,290</u>

The contingent consideration, based on the acquisition agreement, is calculated according to Caresys' net profit performance from 2024 to 2026. On the acquisition date, the fair value of the estimated contingent consideration was \$43,497 thousand.

c. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition

	Caresys	STS
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 57,561	\$ 222,915
Accounts receivable	62,874	201,657
Inventories	30,225	-
Prepayments	-	31,964
Other current assets	176	9,757
Non-current assets		
Investments accounted for using the equity method	-	2
Property, plant and equipment	329	19,151
Right-of-use assets	-	11,044
Intangible assets	37,238	4,903
Deferred tax assets	-	2,289
Other non-current assets	7,730	3,995
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	59,862	165,308
Other payables and other current liabilities	10,755	103,228
Current tax liabilities	-	18,298
Lease liabilities - current	-	10,707
Non-current liabilities		
Long-term borrowings	19,012	9,909
Deferred tax liabilities	-	70
Other non-current liabilities	<u>24</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>\$ 106,480</u>	<u>\$ 200,156</u>

d. Goodwill recognized on acquisitions

	Caresys	STS
Consideration transferred	\$ 162,417	\$ 277,290
Add: Non-controlling interests	21,176	101,945
Less: Fair value of identifiable net assets acquired	<u>(106,480)</u>	<u>(200,156)</u>
Goodwill recognized on acquisitions	<u>\$ 77,113</u>	<u>\$ 179,079</u>

e. Net cash outflow on the acquisition of subsidiaries

	Caresys	STS
Cash and cash equivalent acquired	\$ 57,561	\$ 222,915
Less: Consideration paid in cash	<u>94,286</u>	<u>277,290</u>
	<u>\$ (36,725)</u>	<u>\$ (54,375)</u>

f. Impact of acquisitions on the results of the Group

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the financial results of the acquirees since the acquisition dates have no significant impact on the results of the Group.

27. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS WITH NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

- a. As described in Note 13b, SFC issued new shares in May 2024 due to the exercise of employee share options, which decreased the Group's interest in SFC from 70% to 63.73%. The transaction was accounted for as equity transactions since the Group did not cease to have control over the subsidiary.

	Amount
Consideration received in cash	\$ 43,307
The proportionate share of the carrying amount of the net assets of the subsidiary transferred to non-controlling interests	<u>(38,243)</u>
Differences recognized from equity transaction (recognized as capital surplus)	<u>\$ 5,064</u>

- b. As described in Note 13c, the Group for new shares issued by UniXecure at a percentage different from its original ownership percentage in December 2024 and reduced its interest in UniXecure from 100% to 96.25%. the Group recognized an increase in capital surplus - changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries of \$2,679 thousand.

- c. As described in Note 13k, Dawning issued new shares in May 2025 due to the exercise of employee share options, which decreased the Group's interest in Dawning from 91.60% to 81.68%. The transaction was accounted for as equity transaction since the Group did not cease to have control over the subsidiary.

	Amount
Consideration received in cash	\$ 64,875
The proportionate share of the carrying amount of the net assets of the subsidiary transferred to non-controlling interests	<u>(86,543)</u>
Differences recognized from equity transaction (recognized as deduction of capital surplus)	<u>\$ (21,668)</u>

- d. As described in Note 13I, the Group acquired additional interests in RTIHK from non-controlling shareholders in July 2025, and increased its interest in RTIHK from 92.00% to 100.00%. The transaction was accounted for as equity transaction since the Group did not cease to have control over the subsidiary.

	Amount
Consideration paid in cash	\$ (13,943)
The proportionate share of the carrying amount of the net assets of the subsidiary transferred from non-controlling interests	<u>13,932</u>
Differences recognized from equity transaction (recognized as deduction of capital surplus)	<u>\$ (11)</u>

28. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt and equity of the Group (comprising issued capital, capital surplus, retained earnings and other equity).

Key management personnel of the Corporation review the capital structure on a periodic basis. As part of this review, the Corporation considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on the recommendations of the Group's key management, In order to balance the overall capital structure, the Corporation may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, the number of new shares issued or repurchased, and the amount of new debt issued or existing debt redeemed.

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

- a. Fair value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

The management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

- b. Fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

- 1) Fair value hierarchy

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<u>December 31, 2025</u>				
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Mutual funds	\$ 7,214,147	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,214,147
Unlisted shares	-	-	2,319,902	2,319,902
Listed shares	271,389	-	-	271,389
Unlisted preferred shares	-	-	64,327	64,327
Others	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>221,368</u>	<u>221,368</u>
	<u>\$ 7,485,536</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,605,597</u>	<u>\$ 10,091,133</u>

(Continued)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
Contingent consideration arising from business combination	\$ <u> -</u>	\$ <u> -</u>	\$ <u> 37,842</u>	\$ <u> 37,842</u>
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Unlisted shares	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,277	\$ 83,277
Listed shares	28,800	-	-	28,800
Unlisted preferred shares	<u> -</u>	<u> -</u>	<u> 847</u>	<u> 847</u>
	<u>\$ 28,800</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 84,124</u>	<u>\$ 112,924</u>
<u>December 31, 2024</u>				
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Unlisted shares	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,571,991	\$ 2,571,991
Listed shares	44,790	-	-	44,790
Mutual funds	5,857,930	-	-	5,857,930
Unlisted preferred shares	-	-	69,442	69,442
Others	<u> -</u>	<u> -</u>	<u> 131,546</u>	<u> 131,546</u>
	<u>\$ 5,902,720</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,772,979</u>	<u>\$ 8,675,699</u>
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
Contingent consideration arising from business combination	\$ <u> -</u>	\$ <u> -</u>	\$ <u> 44,716</u>	\$ <u> 44,716</u>
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Unlisted shares	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 162,033	\$ 162,033
Listed shares	33,480	-	-	33,480
Unlisted preferred shares	<u> -</u>	<u> -</u>	<u> 2,232</u>	<u> 2,232</u>
	<u>\$ 33,480</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 164,265</u>	<u>\$ 197,745</u>

(Concluded)

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

2) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments

For the year ended December 31, 2025

Financial Assets	Financial Assets at FVTPL Equity Instruments	Financial Assets at FVTOCI Equity Instruments	Total
Balance on January 1	\$ 2,772,979	\$ 164,265	\$ 2,937,244
Recognized in profit or loss	(139,749)	-	(139,749)
Recognized in other comprehensive income	-	(38,623)	(38,623)
Purchases	58,708	22,001	80,709
Disposals	(30,445)	-	(30,445)
transferred to level 1	(52,067)	-	(52,067)
Capital reduction	(13)	(57,475)	(57,488)
Net exchange differences	<u>(3,816)</u>	<u>(6,044)</u>	<u>(9,860)</u>
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ 2,605,597</u>	<u>\$ 84,124</u>	<u>\$ 2,689,721</u>
Unrealized gain for the current year included in profit or loss relating to assets held at the end of the year	<u>\$ (139,292)</u>		<u>\$ (139,292)</u>

Financial Liabilities at FVTPL

Balance on January 1	\$ 44,716
Recognized in profit or loss	<u>(6,874)</u>
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ 37,842</u>

**Contingent
Consideration
Arising from
Business
Combinations**

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Financial Assets	Financial Assets at FVTPL Equity Instruments	Financial Assets at FVTOCI Equity Instruments	Total
Balance on January 1	\$ 2,097,060	\$ 238,889	\$ 2,335,949
Recognized in profit or loss	647,719	-	647,719
Recognized in other comprehensive income	-	(75,158)	(75,158)
Purchases	32,112	1,524	33,636
Disposals	(5,810)	-	(5,810)
Capital reduction	(3,898)	(9,911)	(13,809)
Net exchange differences	<u>5,796</u>	<u>8,921</u>	<u>14,717</u>
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ 2,772,979</u>	<u>\$ 164,265</u>	<u>\$ 2,937,244</u>
Unrealized gain for the current year included in profit or loss relating to assets held at the end of the year	<u>\$ 645,508</u>		<u>\$ 645,508</u>

Financial Liabilities at FVTPL	Contingent Consideration Arising from Business Combinations
Balance on January 1	\$ -
Additions	43,497
Recognized in profit or loss	<u>1,219</u>
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ 44,716</u>

3) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

<u>Financial Instruments</u>	<u>Valuation Techniques and Inputs</u>
Taiwan Futures Exchange	The market approach is used to arrive at their fair values for which the recent financial activities of investees, the market transaction prices of the similar companies and market conditions are considered. Significant unobservable inputs are discounted considering marketability.
Unlisted shares and others	The assets approach is used to the individual assets and individual liabilities to reflect the overall value of the investment target. Significant unobservable inputs are discounted considering marketability.
Contingent consideration arising from business combinations	Monte Carlo method: The contingent liability amount for payments based on net income is discounted at the applicable rate, calculating the net present value of contingent liabilities for each payment period.

c. Categories of financial instruments

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
<u>Financial assets</u>		
FVTPL	<u>\$ 10,091,133</u>	<u>\$ 8,675,699</u>
Amortized cost (1)	<u>\$ 13,171,726</u>	<u>\$ 13,732,773</u>
FVTOCI	<u>\$ 112,924</u>	<u>\$ 197,745</u>
<u>Financial liabilities</u>		
FVTPL (2)	<u>\$ 37,842</u>	<u>\$ 44,716</u>
Amortized cost (3)	<u>\$ 13,566,510</u>	<u>\$ 12,437,271</u>

- 1) The balances comprise cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, refundable deposits, other receivables, lease receivables (included in other current assets and other non-current assets), pledged time deposits and restricted assets (included in other financial assets) and debt investment (included in financial assets at amortized cost).

- 2) The balances comprise the contingent consideration arising from business combinations (included in financial liabilities at FVTPL - current and investment payable - non-current).
 - 3) The balances comprise short-term loans, notes and accounts payable, accounts payable to related parties, other payables, guarantee deposits received (included in other non-current liabilities), bonds payable, current portion of long-term borrowings and bonds payable.
- d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's main target of financial risk management is to manage the market risk related to operating activity (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To reduce the potential and detrimental influence of the fluctuations in market on the Group's financial performance, the Group endeavors to identify, estimate and hedge the uncertainties of the market.

The Group's significant financial activity is reviewed and approved by the board of directors and audit committee in compliance with related regulations and internal control policy, and the authority and responsibility are delegated according to the operating procedures.

1) Market risk

a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has foreign currency sales, purchases and borrowings, which were exposed to foreign currency risk. The Group designated a department to monitor exchange rate fluctuations in timely manner and change foreign currency position to control and mitigate such risks as soon as possible.

The sensitivity analysis focused on outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (mainly USD and RMB) at the end of the reporting period. A positive number below indicates an increase/decrease in pre-tax net income associated with New Taiwan dollars strengthening/weakening 5% against the relevant currency.

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Increase/decrease	<u>\$ 13,955</u>	<u>\$ 20,198</u>

b) Interest rate risk

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows.

	December 31	
	2025	2024
Fair value interest rate risk		
Financial assets	<u>\$ 1,787,176</u>	<u>\$ 1,960,975</u>
Financial liabilities	<u>\$ 4,453,402</u>	<u>\$ 5,099,043</u>
Cash flow interest rate risk		
Financial assets	<u>\$ 4,412,349</u>	<u>\$ 5,312,436</u>
Financial liabilities	<u>\$ 465,589</u>	<u>\$ 111,583</u>

The Group acquires better interest rate through long-term cooperation with banks; therefore, the effect of interest rate fluctuations is immaterial.

The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on financial assets and financial liabilities with floating interest rates at the end of reporting period. If interest rates had been 10 basis points (0.1%) higher/lower, the Group's pre-tax net income effect would have been as follows:

	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	2025	2024
Increase/decrease	<u>\$ 3,947</u>	<u>\$ 5,371</u>

c) Other price risk

The Group was exposed to price risk through its investments in listed shares, corporate bonds and mutual funds. The Group established a real-time control system for the price risk, and management does not anticipate any material loss due to this risk.

The sensitivity analyses of the above investment were determined based on financial assets which were measured at fair value at the end of reporting period. If market prices had been 5% higher/lower, the effects on the Group's pre-tax net income and other comprehensive income would have been as follows:

	<u>For the Year Ended December 31</u>	
	2025	2024
Pre-tax income		
Increase/decrease	<u>\$ 504,557</u>	<u>\$ 433,785</u>
Other comprehensive income		
Increase/decrease	<u>\$ 5,646</u>	<u>\$ 9,887</u>

2) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the potential loss that would be incurred by the Group if the counterparties breached contracts. Generally, the maximum exposures to credit risk for financial assets at the balance sheet date are their carrying amounts.

The Corporation designated a department to manage accounts receivable, establish management policies and develop credit limit management procedures to ensure its benefit. The corporation also choose creditworthy financial institutions with good credit rating as counterparties to reduce credit risk.

Since the counterparties are creditworthy financial institutions and enterprises and the concentration of credit risk is not significant, the credit risk is anticipated to be immaterial.

3) Liquidity risk

The Group puts in place inventory management system, procedures for collections and payments, and develops cash flow forecast to ensure the liquidity of operating capital. In addition, the Group invests idle funds in short-term investments under consideration of liquidity, security and profitability. The Group also maintains banking facilities to ensure the liquidity of cash.

The Group has sufficient working capital to meet the cash needs for their operations. Thus, no material liquidity risk is anticipated.

In addition, the Group's investments in mutual funds and listed shares are traded in active markets and can readily be sold in the market at their approximate fair values. However, the Group also invested in unlisted shares and corporate bonds without quoted market prices in an active market, and higher liquidity risk is anticipated.

30. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Balances and transactions between the Corporation and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Corporation, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Besides information disclosed elsewhere in the other notes, details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed as below.

a. Related parties and their relationship with the Group

<u>Related Party</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
Systemweb Technologies Co., Ltd.	Associate
Sanfran Technologies Inc.	Associate
Investment Media Ltd.	Associate
Frog-jump Information Co., Ltd.	Associate
Neweb Information Co., Ltd.	Associate
Gensys Technology International. Ltd.	Associate
Fuco Technology Co., Ltd.	Associate
AIWin Technology Co., Ltd.	Associate (a non-related party to the Group starting in March 2024)
Genesis Technology Inc.	Associate
Bao Ruh Electronic Co., Ltd.	Associate
Teamplus Technology Inc.	Associate
Neo Trend Tech Corporation	Associate (a non-related party to the Group starting in August 2024)
Mohist Web Technology Co., Ltd.	Associate
Hanmore Investment Corporation	Associate (a related party to the Group starting in January 2025)
Green World FinTech Service Co., Ltd.	Investor that has significant influence over the Group (a director of the subsidiary; the investor's ownership in the subsidiary fell below 20% due to the disposal of the subsidiary's shares and became a non-related party to the Group starting in September 2025)
Taiwan Mobile Co., Ltd.	Investor that has significant influence over the Group (a related party to the Group starting in September 2024 after acquiring 11.86% interest in the Corporation)
Momo.Com Inc.	Subsidiary of investor that has significant influence over the Group
Tfn Media Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of investor that has significant influence over the Group
Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of investor that has significant influence over the Group
Phoenix Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of investor that has significant influence over the Group
Yeong Jia Leh Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of investor that has significant influence over the Group

(Continued)

<u>Related Party</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
Mangrove Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of investor that has significant influence over the Group
Union Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of investor that has significant influence over the Group
Globalview Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of investor that has significant influence over the Group
Fu Sheng Digital Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of investor that has significant influence over the Group
Prosperous Living Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of investor that has significant influence over the Group

(Concluded)

b. Operating revenue

Line Item	Related Party Category	For the Year Ended December 31	
		2025	2024
Sales	Investors and subsidiaries of the investors that have significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 965,936</u>	<u>\$ 162,171</u>
	Associates	<u>\$ 203,731</u>	<u>\$ 282,814</u>
Service revenue	Investors and subsidiaries of the investors that have significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 69,425</u>	<u>\$ 22,177</u>
	Associates	<u>\$ 11,949</u>	<u>\$ 17,706</u>
Other operating revenue	Investors and subsidiaries of the investors that have significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 6,425</u>	<u>\$ 2,552</u>

c. Purchases

Related Party Category	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Associates	<u>\$ 43,269</u>	<u>\$ 71,332</u>
Investors and subsidiaries of the investors that have significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 10,917</u>	<u>\$ 2,450</u>

d. Receivables from related parties

Line Item	Related Party Category	December 31	
		2025	2024
Notes and accounts receivable	Investors and subsidiaries of the investors that have significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 114,232</u>	<u>\$ 11,638</u>
	Associates	<u>\$ 96,423</u>	<u>\$ 72,600</u>
Lease receivables - current (included in other current assets)	Investors and subsidiaries of the investors that have significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,319</u>
Lease receivables - non-current (included in other non-current assets)	Investors and subsidiaries of the investors that have significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 9,135</u>

e. Payables to related parties

Line Item	Related Party Category	December 31	
		2025	2024
Payables to related parties	Associates	<u>\$ 18,616</u>	<u>\$ 12,409</u>
	Investors and subsidiaries of the investors that have significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 1,537</u>	<u>\$ 991</u>

The product/service sales and purchase transactions with related parties were conducted underpricing terms similar to those with third parties, i.e., for purchases or sales of similar products/services, except for those transactions on products/services with special specifications. Settlement terms for related-party transactions were similar to those for third parties.

f. Other transactions with related parties

Line Item	Related Party Category	For the Year Ended December 31	
		2025	2024
Service cost	Associates	<u>\$ 25,156</u>	<u>\$ 16,823</u>
	Investors and subsidiaries of the investors that have significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 14,894</u>	<u>\$ 11,356</u>
Operating expenses	Investors and subsidiaries of the investors that have significant influence over the Group	<u>\$ 1,361</u>	<u>\$ 244</u>
	Associates	<u>\$ 606</u>	<u>\$ 179</u>
Rental revenue	Associates	<u>\$ 167</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

g. Compensation of key management personnel

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2025	2024
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 299,116	\$ 227,678
Share-based payment	19,025	47,443
Post-employment benefits	<u>2,895</u>	<u>7,850</u>
	<u>\$ 321,036</u>	<u>\$ 282,971</u>

The remuneration of directors and key executives, as determined by the remuneration committee, was based on the performance of individuals and market trends.

31. PLEDGED ASSETS

The following assets were pledged as the Group's collateral for bank loans, contract guarantees, collateral for issuance of gift vouchers and cards and import duty guarantee, and etc.:

	December 31	
	2025	2024
Property, plant and equipment - land and buildings, net	\$ 430,917	\$ 426,874
Pledged time deposits - current (included in other financial assets - current)	223,792	214,141
Restricted Trust Deposits (included in other financial assets - current)	270,355	220,402
Pledged time deposits - non-current (included in other financial assets - non-current)	<u>110,481</u>	<u>95,522</u>
	<u>\$ 1,035,545</u>	<u>\$ 956,939</u>

Note: Hanmore pledged 5,000 thousand shares of the Corporation as of December 31, 2023, and it was eliminated upon consolidation.

32. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

a. Unused letters of credit of the Group in aggregate amount were as follows:

	December 31	
	2025	2024
	<u>\$ 774</u>	<u>\$ 728</u>

b. Outstanding sales contracts of the Group in the amount were as follows:

	December 31	
	2025	2024
	<u>\$ 31,025,427</u>	<u>\$ 13,603,372</u>

- c. The Group provided endorsements for others in Table 3.
- d. The Group issues gift certificates and gift cards. For the handling of advance receipts from customers for sold gift certificates and gift cards, the Group entered into a trust agreement with E.SUN Commercial Bank according to the “Provision to be Included in Standard Form Contract of All Sorts of Gift Certificates of Retail Companies” issued by the Ministry of Economic Affairs. According to the trust agreement, the Group opened a trust account in E.SUN Commercial Bank. Advance receipts from customers for sold gift certificates are deposited in the trust account and amounts for services already provided to customers are paid to the Group on a monthly basis. The balance in the trust account should be not lower than the amount of outstanding gift certificates and gift cards. As of December 31, 2025, the Group’s assets in the trust account amounted to \$218,200 thousand (included in other financial assets).
- e. The Group develops services for the third party payment, the Group opened a trust property account in CTBC Bank Co., Ltd., the service payments were collected and disbursed by the dedicated account. As of December 31, 2025, the balance of the dedicated account amounted to \$52,155 thousand (included in other financial assets - current).

33. EXCHANGE RATE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Group’s significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies and the related exchange rates between foreign currencies and respective functional currencies were as follows:

December 31, 2025

	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Monetary items			
USD	\$ 36,628	31.430	\$ 1,151,218
RMB	5,977	4.472	26,727
Non-monetary items			
Financial assets at FVTPL			
HKD	12,420	4.038	50,152
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
Monetary items			
USD	28,598	31.430	898,835
RMB	6	4.472	27

December 31, 2024

	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Monetary items			
USD	\$ 26,546	32.785	\$ 870,311
RMB	13,316	4.560	60,721
Non-monetary items			
Financial assets at FVTPL			
HKD	10,552	4.222	44,528
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
Monetary items			
USD	16,077	32.785	527,084

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, realized and unrealized net foreign exchange losses were \$24,523 thousand and \$21 thousand, respectively. It is impractical to disclose net foreign exchange gains by each significant foreign currency due to the variety of the foreign currency transactions and functional currencies of the entities in the Group.

34. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on financial information. The Group's reportable segments were as follows:

In accordance with the manner in which the chief operating decision maker allocates resources and assesses performance, the consolidated group has reorganized its operating model into three major ecosystems based on the industrial structure of the domestic information service sector and evolving customer service demands. This restructuring is intended to align more closely with market trends and business fundamentals, and to reflect distinct operational focuses and financial performance. The three ecosystems are: "Industry Application Services," "Value-Added Distribution (VAD) Services," and "System Integration (S) Value-Added Services." In addition, an "Investment Segment" is designated as a separate reportable segment to provide clearer disclosure of financial information and performance for each operating model.

The "Industry Ecosystem" focuses on addressing the specialized needs of clients in specific industries. By leveraging deep industry expertise and integrating digital technologies, it delivers industry-specific solutions such as financial transaction cloud services, smart manufacturing solutions, investor integration services, enhanced wealth management platforms, e-government services, and new retail O2O integration. This ecosystem primarily serves vertical sectors including finance, government, manufacturing, and retail, with an emphasis on in-depth integration and practical industry knowledge application.

The "VAD Ecosystem" centers on value-added distribution services, offering sales, implementation, and technical support for hardware and software products from both domestic and international vendors. It also encompasses cloud platform deployment, enterprise cloud applications, IT professional training, and publishing services-meeting enterprise clients' demand for rapid access to information technology infrastructure and capabilities. Through a broad product portfolio and technical service expertise, it establishes a comprehensive IT product supply chain and value chain.

The “SI Ecosystem” is dedicated to system integration value-added services, providing end-to-end IT solutions from consulting and system planning to implementation and maintenance. Its service offerings include big data platform development, cloud value-added services, cybersecurity, mobile application development, and e-commerce platform operation support. These services help clients integrate heterogeneous systems and create high-efficiency, secure IT environments that support business intelligence and sustainable development goals.

The Investment Segment primarily engages in financial investment activities.

a. Consolidated revenues and results

	Industry Application Services	Agency Distribution Value-Added Services	System Integration and Value-added Services	Investment Department	Adjustment and Elimination	Total
<u>2025</u>						
Sales to customers	\$ 9,136,696	\$ 25,906,428	\$ 8,926,331	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,969,455
Sales to other segments	<u>186,537</u>	<u>6,230,131</u>	<u>388,140</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,804,808)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total sales	<u>\$ 9,323,233</u>	<u>\$ 32,136,559</u>	<u>\$ 9,314,471</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (6,804,808)</u>	<u>\$ 43,969,455</u>
Segment income (loss)	<u>\$ 1,167,237</u>	<u>\$ 744,172</u>	<u>\$ 768,840</u>	<u>\$ 725,513</u>	\$ -	\$ 3,405,762
Corporate general expenses						<u>(635,455)</u>
Income before income tax						<u>\$ 2,770,307</u>
Segment depreciation and amortization expenses	<u>\$ 116,654</u>	<u>\$ 158,926</u>	<u>\$ 66,459</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 342,039
Non-segment depreciation and amortization expenses						<u>194,212</u>
Total depreciation and amortization expenses						<u>\$ 536,251</u>
Segment assets	<u>\$ 5,023,708</u>	<u>\$ 9,602,151</u>	<u>\$ 9,537,659</u>	<u>\$ 12,460,747</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 36,624,265
General assets						<u>1,446,599</u>
Total assets						<u>\$ 38,070,864</u>
<u>2024</u>						
Sales to customers	\$ 8,105,899	\$ 22,977,258	\$ 7,867,485	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,950,642
Sales to other segments	<u>220,611</u>	<u>4,085,684</u>	<u>327,616</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,633,939)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total sales	<u>\$ 8,326,510</u>	<u>\$ 27,062,942</u>	<u>\$ 8,195,101</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (4,633,939)</u>	<u>\$ 38,950,642</u>
Segment income (loss)	<u>\$ 1,091,196</u>	<u>\$ 633,196</u>	<u>\$ 647,776</u>	<u>\$ 561,012</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,933,180
Corporate general expenses						<u>(536,720)</u>
Income before income tax						<u>\$ 2,396,460</u>
Segment depreciation and amortization expenses	<u>\$ 73,678</u>	<u>\$ 115,844</u>	<u>\$ 101,718</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 291,240
Non-segment depreciation and amortization expenses						<u>171,222</u>
Total depreciation and amortization expenses						<u>\$ 462,462</u>
Segment assets	<u>\$ 4,802,465</u>	<u>\$ 8,772,804</u>	<u>\$ 6,495,121</u>	<u>\$ 12,007,346</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 32,077,736
General assets						<u>2,654,384</u>
Total assets						<u>\$ 34,732,120</u>

Segment (loss) income refers to the profits and losses incurred by each segment, excluding headquarter management cost, remuneration of directors, rental revenue, interest income, gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, foreign exchange gain, interest expense and income tax expense.

b. Geographical information

The Group's revenue from external customers by location of operations and information on its non-current assets by location of assets are detailed below.

	Revenue from External Customers	
	2025	2024
Domestic	\$ 35,702,176	\$ 31,328,811
Asia	<u>8,267,279</u>	<u>7,621,831</u>
	<u>\$ 43,969,455</u>	<u>\$ 38,950,642</u>
	Non-current Assets	
	December 31	
	2025	2024
Domestic	\$ 8,507,625	\$ 8,735,309
Asia	417,747	360,849
Others	<u>374,701</u>	<u>248,400</u>
	<u>\$ 9,300,073</u>	<u>\$ 9,344,558</u>

c. Major customers

No single customers contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

35. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

a. Information on significant transactions and b. Information on investees:

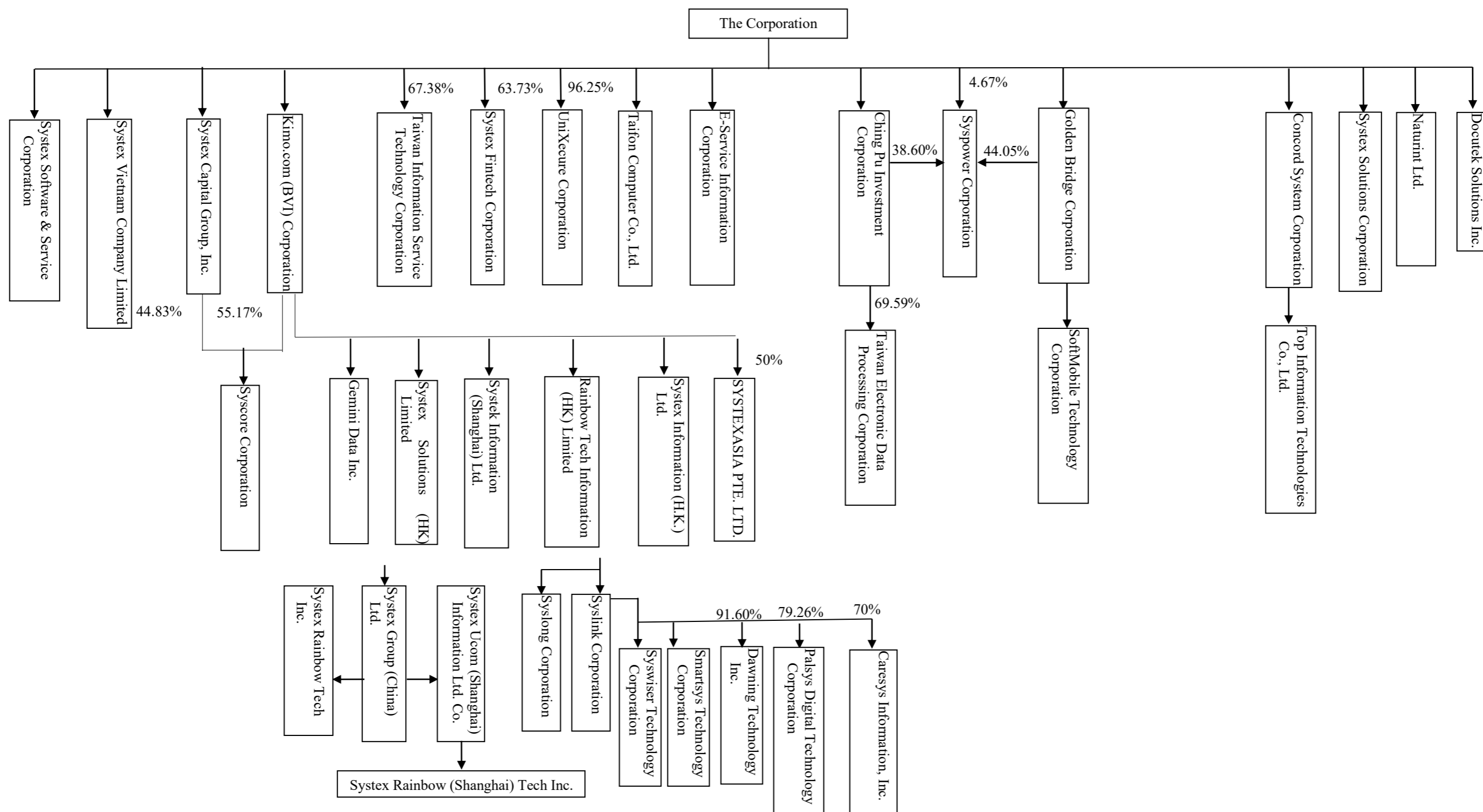
- 1) Financing provided to others (Table 2)
- 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided (Table 3)
- 3) Significant marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates) (Table 4)
- 4) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 5)
- 5) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 6)
- 6) Other: Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions (Table 7)
- 7) Information on investees (Table 8)

c. Information on investments in mainland China

- 1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income of investees, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period, repatriations of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area (Table 9)
- 2) Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses (Tables 6 and 8):
 - a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the period
 - b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the period
 - c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses
 - d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the period and the purposes
 - e) The highest balance, the ending balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to the financing of funds
 - f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receipt of services

SYSTEMX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

THE RELATIONSHIP AND PERCENTAGE OF OWNERSHIP OF COMPANIES IN THE GROUP
DECEMBER 31, 2025



Note: Percentage of ownership is 100% unless noted on the chart.

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

**FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

No.	Lender	Borrower	Financial Statement Account	Related Party	Highest Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Actual Amount Borrowed (Note 13)	Interest Rate (%)	Nature of Financing	Business Transaction Amount	Reasons for Short-term Financing	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Collateral		Financing Limit for Each Borrower (Note 1)	Aggregate Financing Limit (Note 2)	Note
													Item	Value			
1	Systex Group (China) Ltd.	Systek Information (Shanghai) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Y	\$ 138,774	\$ 134,148	\$ -	1-6.16	Short-term financing	\$ -	Operating capital	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 3,647,680	\$ 7,295,360	(Note 3)
		Systex Rainbow Tech Inc.	Receivables from related parties	Y	231,290	223,580	-	1-6.16	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	3,647,680	7,295,360	(Note 4)
		Systex Ucom (Shanghai) Information Ltd. Co.	Receivables from related parties	Y	231,290	223,580	-	1-6.16	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	3,647,680	7,295,360	(Note 5)
2	Systek Information (Shanghai) Ltd.	Systex Group (China) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Y	277,548	268,296	-	1-6.16	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	3,647,680	7,295,360	(Note 6)
		Systex Rainbow Tech Inc.	Receivables from related parties	Y	46,258	44,716	-	1-6.16	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	3,647,680	7,295,360	(Note 7)
3	Systex Rainbow Tech Inc.	Systex Group (China) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Y	92,516	89,432	-	1-6.16	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	3,647,680	7,295,360	(Note 8)
		Systek Information (Shanghai) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Y	46,258	44,716	-	1-6.16	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	3,647,680	7,295,360	(Note 9)
4	Syscore Corporation	UniXecure Corporation	Receivables from related parties	Y	50,000	-	-	2.00	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	1,643,012	1,643,012	(Note 10)
5	SYSTEXASIA PTE. LTD.	Ark Virtualization Pte. Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Y	12,385	12,225	5,419	4.38	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	53,482	53,482	(Note 11)
		PT Net One Asia	Receivables from related parties	Y	17,339	17,115	-	4.38	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	53,482	53,482	(Note 12)

Note 1: Loans to individual company shall not exceed 20% of the lender's net equity, except for 40% net equity of Syscore Corporation and SYSTEXASIA PTE. LTD. If it is for short-term financing between foreign companies in which the Corporation holds a 100% interest, the financing limit is not subject to the prior limitation but shall not exceed 20% of the Corporation's net equity.

Note 2: Total loans shall not exceed 40% of the lender's net equity. If it is for short-term financing between foreign companies in which the Corporation holds a 100% interest, the total loans are not subject to the prior limitation but shall not exceed 40% of the Corporation's net equity.

Note 3: The highest balance for the period is \$138,774 thousand (RMB30,000 thousand). The ending balance is \$134,148 thousand (RMB30,000 thousand) which has not been withdrawn.

Note 4: The highest balance for the period is \$231,290 thousand (RMB50,000 thousand). The ending balance is \$223,580 thousand (RMB50,000 thousand) which has not been withdrawn.

Note 5: The highest balance for the period is \$231,290 thousand (RMB50,000 thousand). The ending balance is \$223,580 thousand (RMB50,000 thousand) which has not been withdrawn.

Note 6: The highest balance for the period is \$277,548 thousand (RMB60,000 thousand). The ending balance is \$268,296 thousand (RMB60,000 thousand) which has not been withdrawn.

Note 7: The highest balance for the period is \$46,258 thousand (RMB10,000 thousand). The ending balance is \$44,716 thousand (RMB10,000 thousand) which has not been withdrawn.

Note 8: The highest balance for the period is \$92,516 thousand (RMB20,000 thousand). The ending balance is \$89,432 thousand (RMB20,000 thousand) which has not been withdrawn.

Note 9: The highest balance for the period is \$46,258 thousand (RMB10,000 thousand). The ending balance is \$44,716 thousand (RMB10,000 thousand) which has not been withdrawn.

Note 10: The highest balance for the period is \$50,000 thousand.

Note 11: The highest balance for the period is \$12,385 thousand (SGD500 thousand). The ending balance is \$12,225 thousand (SGD500 thousand), including \$6,806 thousand (SGD278 thousand) which has not been withdrawn.

Note 12: The highest balance for the period is \$17,339 thousand (SGD700 thousand). The ending balance is \$17,115 thousand (SGD700 thousand) which has not been withdrawn.

Note 13: The ending balance of actual amount borrowed has been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

**ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

No.	Endorser/Guarantor	Endorsee/Guarantee		Limit on Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Each Party	Maximum Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed During the Period	Outstanding Endorsement/ Guarantee at the End of the Period	Actual Borrowing Amount	Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed by Collateral	Ratio of Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity in Latest Financial Statements (%)	Aggregate Endorsement/ Guarantee Limit	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Subsidiaries on Behalf of Parent	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China	Note
		Name	Relationship (Note 1)											
0	Systex Corporation	Systex Information (HK) Ltd.	b	\$ 4,559,600	\$ 415,063	\$ 392,875	\$ 128,643	\$ -	2.15	\$ 9,119,201	Y	N	N	(Notes 2 and 3)
		Systex Group (China) Ltd.	b	4,559,600	2,152,600	2,060,800	636,979	-	11.30	9,119,201	Y	N	Y	(Notes 2 and 3)
		Systex Ucom (Shanghai) Information Ltd. Co.	b	4,559,600	138,774	134,148	-	-	0.74	9,119,201	Y	N	Y	(Notes 2 and 3)
1	Systek Information (Shanghai) Ltd.	Systex Group (China) Ltd.	d	366,018	231,290	223,580	40,048	223,580	122.17	366,018	N	N	Y	(Notes 4 and 5)

Note 1: There are seven types of relationships between the endorser and the endorsed party.

- a. Companies that have business dealings.
- b. A company in which the company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares.
- c. Companies in which the company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares.
- d. Companies in which the company directly or indirectly holds more than 90% of the voting shares.
- e. A company that is mutually insured under a contract between peers or co-founders for the purpose of contracting for work.
- f. A company whose joint investment is guaranteed by all contributing shareholders in proportion to their shareholdings.
- g. Inter-industry companies that engage in performance guarantee and joint guarantee for pre-sale contracts in accordance with the Consumer Protection Act.

Note 2: Limits on endorsements/guarantees amount shall not exceed 25% of the net equity of the provider.

Note 3: The maximum balance for the period shall not exceed 50% of the net equity of the provider.

Note 4: Limits on endorsements/guarantees amount shall not exceed 200% of the net equity in the most recent financial statement of the provider.

Note 5: The maximum balance for the period shall not exceed 200% of the net equity in the most recent financial statement of the provider.

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNIFICANT MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

DECEMBER 31, 2025

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities (Note 1)	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	September 30, 2025				Note
				Number of Shares	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	
Controlling company - Systex Corporation	<u>Ordinary shares</u> Taiwan Futures Exchange Corporation		Financial assets at FVTPL - non-current	23,459,824	\$ 1,918,779	3.25	\$ 1,918,779	
	<u>Mutual funds</u> Hua Nan Kirin Money Market Fund		Financial assets at FVTPL - current	23,742,066	300,000	-	300,000	
	FSITC Taiwan Money Market Fund	18,553,908		300,737	-	300,737		
	Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market Fund	19,988,673		300,744	-	300,744		
	Yuanta Wan Tai Money Market Fund	18,794,520		300,701	-	300,701		
	Fubon Chi-Hsiang Money Market Fund	18,139,054		300,733	-	300,733		
	Shin Kong Chi-Shin Money-Market Fund	18,352,328		300,343	-	300,343		
	Fubon Money Market Fund	19,123,994		300,413	-	300,413		
Subordinate company - Syscore Corporation	<u>Mutual funds</u> Fuh Hwa Lengend Fund VI		Financial assets at FVTPL - current	14,900,000	692,296	-	692,296	
	<u>Corporate bond</u> Nan Shan Life Insurance Company, Ltd. 1st Perpetual Unsecured Subordinate Corporate Bond Issue in 2016		Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	500,000	-	500,000	(Note 2)

Note 1: The securities mentioned in this table above are those classified as financial instruments under IFRS 9, including shares, bonds, mutual funds, and all other securities derived from those items.

Note 2: Disclosure of the significant marketable securities held above is decided by the Company based on the materiality principle.

Note 3: Refer to Tables 6 and 7 for information on investment in subsidiaries and associates.

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

**TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST \$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Buyer/Seller	Related Party	Relationship	Transaction Details				Abnormal Transaction		Notes/Accounts Receivable (Payable)	
			Purchase/ Sale	Amount (Note)	% of Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance (Note)	% of Total
Controlling company - Systex Corporation	Systex Software & Service Corporation	Subsidiary	Purchase	\$ 2,684,119	29	78 days after transaction month	\$ -	-	\$ (184,543)	11
	Dawning Technology Inc.	Subsidiary	Purchase	293,442	3	78 days after transaction month	-	-	(80,075)	5
	Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	Subsidiary	Purchase	1,431,340	15	78 days after transaction month	-	-	(101,635)	6
Subordinate company - Systex Software & Service Corporation	Systex Corporation	Parent company	Sale	(2,684,119)	25	78 days after transaction month	-	-	184,543	17
	Dawning Technology Inc.	Associate	Purchase	159,463	2	78 days after transaction month	-	-	(10,689)	1
Subordinate company - Dawning Technology Inc.	Systex Corporation	Parent company	Sale	(293,442)	6	78 days after transaction month	-	-	80,075	7
	Systex Software & Service Corporation	Associate	Sale	(159,463)	3	78 days after transaction month	-	-	10,689	1
	Taifon Computer Co., Ltd.	Associate	Sale	(109,707)	2	78 days after transaction month	-	-	13,723	1
Subordinate company - Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	Systex Corporation	Parent company	Sale	(1,431,340)	47	78 days after transaction month	-	-	101,635	14
	Concord System Management Corporation	Associate	Sale	(332,566)	11	78 days after transaction month	-	-	119,440	17
Subordinate company - Concord System Management Corporation	Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	Associate	Purchases	332,566	17	78 days after transaction month	-	-	(119,440)	26
Subordinate company - Taifon Computer Co., Ltd.	Dawning Technology Inc.	Associate	Purchase	109,707	2	78 days after transaction month	-	-	(13,723)	1
Subordinate company - Rainbow Tech Information (HK) Ltd.	Systex Information (HK) Ltd.	Associate	Purchase	136,728	56	30 days after transaction month	-	-	(5,475)	25
Subordinate company - Systex Information (HK) Ltd.	Rainbow Tech Information (HK) Ltd.	Associate	Sale	(136,278)	12	30 days after transaction month	-	-	5,475	1

Note: In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the transactions were eliminated.

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL

DECEMBER 31, 2025

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Ending Balance (Note)	Turnover Rate	Overdue		Amounts Received in Subsequent Period	Allowance for Impairment Loss
					Amount	Actions Taken		
Subordinate company - System Software & Service Corporation	System Corporation	Parent company	\$ 184,543	4.53	\$ -	-	\$ 11,689	\$ -
Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	System Corporation	Parent company	101,635	17.90	-	-	18,218	-
Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	Concord System Management Corporation	Associate	119,440	2.32	-	-	16,033	-

Note: In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the transaction has been eliminated.

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No. (Note 1)	Investee Company	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction Details			% of Total Sales or Assets (Note 3)
				Financial Statement Account	Amount	Payment Terms	
0	Systex Corporation	Systex Software & Service Corporation	a	Sales	\$ 64,244	Net 78 days	-
		Systex Software & Service Corporation	a	Receivables from related parties	28,478	Net 78 days	-
		Systex Software & Service Corporation	a	Cost of goods sold	2,672,331	Net 78 days	6
		Systex Software & Service Corporation	a	Payables to related parties	184,543	Net 78 days	-
		Dawning Technology Inc.	a	Cost of goods sold	293,442	Net 78 days	1
		Dawning Technology Inc.	a	Payables to related parties	80,075	Net 78 days	-
		Syspower Corporation	a	Sales	28,896	Net 78 days	-
		Syspower Corporation	a	Receivables from related parties	10,269	Net 78 days	-
		Concord System Management Corporation	a	Sales	82,667	Net 78 days	-
		Concord System Management Corporation	a	Receivables from related parties	26,056	Net 78 days	-
		Systex Solutions Corporation	a	Sales	22,898	Net 78 days	-
		Systex Solutions Corporation	a	Receivables from related parties	13,140	Net 78 days	-
		Systex Solutions Corporation	a	Cost of goods sold	11,421	Net 78 days	-
		Systex Solutions Corporation	a	Service cost	15,897	Net 78 days	-
		Systex Solutions Corporation	a	Payables to related parties	18,277	Net 78 days	-
		Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	a	Cost of goods sold	1,395,169	Net 78 days	3
		Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	a	Service cost	64,223	Net 78 days	-
		Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	a	Payables to related parties	101,635	Net 78 days	-
		UniXecure Corporation	a	Cost of goods sold	62,461	Net 78 days	-
		UniXecure Corporation	a	Service cost	35,101	Net 78 days	-
UniXecure Corporation	a	Payables to related parties	15,605	Net 78 days	-		
Docutek Solutions, Inc.	a	Cost of goods sold	19,329	Net 78 days	-		
Taiwan Information Service Technology Corporation	a	Receivables from related parties	13,883	Net 78 days	-		
Taiwan Information Service Technology Corporation	a	Sales	15,887	Net 78 days	-		
1	Systex Software & Service Corporation	SoftMobile Technology Corporation	b	Service cost	12,588	Net 78 days	-
		Dawning Technology Inc.	b	Cost of goods sold	159,463	Net 78 days	-
		Dawning Technology Inc.	b	Payables to related parties	10,689	Net 78 days	-
		Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	b	Cost of goods sold	58,723	Net 78 days	-
		Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	b	Payables to related parties	21,257	Net 78 days	-
		UniXecure Corporation	b	Cost of goods sold	75,709	Net 78 days	-
		UniXecure Corporation	b	Service cost	25,197	Net 78 days	-
		UniXecure Corporation	b	Payables to related parties	42,988	Net 78 days	-
Systex Group (China) Ltd.	b	Sales	33,451	Net 78 days	-		

(Continued)

No. (Note 1)	Investee Company	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction Details			% of Total Sales or Assets (Note 3)
				Financial Statement Account	Amount	Payment Terms	
2	Syspower Corporation	Dawning Technology Inc.	b	Cost of goods sold	\$ 11,278	Net 78 days	-
3	Concord System Management Corporation	Palsys Digital Technology Corporation Palsys Digital Technology Corporation Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	b b b	Cost of goods sold Service cost Payables to related parties	332,566 102,531 119,440	Net 78 days Net 78 days Net 78 days	1 - -
4	Systex Solutions Corporation	Dawning Technology Inc. Dawning Technology Inc. Palsys Digital Technology Corporation Palsys Digital Technology Corporation UniXecure Corporation	b b b b b	Cost of goods sold Payables to related parties Cost of goods sold Payables to related parties Service cost	58,644 10,303 55,905 17,145 18,162	Net 78 days Net 78 days Net 78 days Net 78 days Net 78 days	- - - - -
5	Taifon Computer Co., Ltd.	Dawning Technology Inc. Dawning Technology Inc.	b b	Cost of goods sold Payables to related parties	109,707 13,723	Net 78 days Net 78 days	- -
6	Top Information Technologies Co., Ltd.	Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	b	Cost of goods sold	50,559	Net 78 days	-
7	UniXecure Corporation	Docutek Solutions, Inc. Docutek Solutions, Inc.	b b	Cost of goods sold Payables to related parties	41,124 10,570	Net 78 days Net 78 days	- -
8	Systex Group (China) Ltd.	Systex Rainbow (Shanghai) Tech Inc. Systex Rainbow (Shanghai) Tech Inc. Systex Ucom (Shanghai) Information Ltd. Co. Systex Ucom (Shanghai) Information Ltd. Co. Systex Ucom (Shanghai) Information Ltd. Co. Rainbow Tech Information (HK) Corporation	b b b b b b	Service cost Payables to related parties Payables to related parties Sales Cost of goods sold Cost of goods sold	63,683 48,830 12,687 23,698 27,060 12,070	Net 120 days Net 120 days Net 120 days Net 120 days Net 120 days Net 120 days	- - - - - -
9	Systex Rainbow Tech Inc.	Systex Rainbow (Shanghai) Tech Inc. Systex Rainbow (Shanghai) Tech Inc. Systex Rainbow (Shanghai) Tech Inc. Systex Rainbow (Shanghai) Tech Inc.	b b b b	Sales Receivables from related parties Payables to related parties Service cost	107,843 87,704 11,688 18,886	Net 120 days Net 120 days Net 120 days Net 120 days	- - - -
10	Dawning Technology Inc.	Palsys Digital Technology Corporation Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	b b	Cost of goods sold Payables to related parties	20,123 27,113	Net 78 days Net 78 days	- -
11	Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	UniXecure Corporation Caresys Information, Inc. Caresys Information, Inc. CXA Global Pte. Ltd.	b b b b	Sales Sales Receivables from related parties Cost of goods sold	18,951 48,303 33,400 19,463	Net 78 days Net 78 days Net 78 days Net 78 days	- - - -
12	Systex Information (HK) Ltd.	Rainbow Tech Information (HK) Corporation Rainbow Tech Information (HK) Corporation	b b	Sales Receivables from related parties	231,625 10,005	Net 30 days Net 30 days	1 -
13	SYSTEXASIA PTE. LTD.	SYSTEX ASIA SDN. BHD.	b	Cost of goods sold	11,598	30 days after invoice date	-

(Continued)

Note 1: The method of filling in the number:

- a. Parent is numbered 0.
- b. Subsidiaries are sequentially numbered starting from 1.

Note 2: Categories of relationships:

- a. Parent to subsidiary.
- b. Between subsidiaries.

Note 3: Percentage of transaction amount to total consolidated operating revenue or assets is calculated as follows:

For balance sheet accounts: $\text{Transaction amount} \div \text{Total consolidated assets}$.

For income statement accounts: $\text{Accumulated transaction amount in current period} \div \text{Total consolidated operating revenues}$.

(Concluded)

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION ON INVESTEEES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Investor Company	Name of Investee	Location	Main Businesses and Products	Original Investment Amount		As of December 31, 2025			Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	Share of Profit (Loss)	Note
				December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	Number of Shares	Ratio (%)	Carrying Amount			
Systex Corporation	Systex Infopro Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Sale of computer and peripheral equipment	\$ 2,200	\$ 2,200	20,000	20.00	\$ 4,096	\$ -	\$ -	-
	Hanmore Investment Corporation	Taiwan	General investment activities	47,125	47,125	964,068	48.92	39,409	(462)	(226)	-
	Ching Pu Investment Corporation	Taiwan	General investment activities	30,775	30,775	23,437,500	100.00	547,911	143,603	144,397	Subsidiary
	Concord System Management Corporation	Taiwan	Design, assessment and planning of computer system and application software and data-processing system, sale and lease of computer hardware, peripheral equipment and spare parts, and repairs and maintenance services	485,393	485,393	30,413,372	100.00	756,722	147,889	154,567	Subsidiary
	Systemweb Technologies Co.	Taiwan	Data storage media units manufacturing, installation of computer, and sale and development of computer software	86,950	86,950	3,245,000	28.22	53,018	11,139	3,143	-
	Taifon Computer Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Design of computer hardware and software equipment system, computer room installation, and maintenance, sale, lease and consultation	220,310	220,310	20,000,000	100.00	330,161	49,745	49,745	Subsidiary
	Sanfran Technologies Inc.	Taiwan	Maintenance and warranty of equipment of internet and information security, and consultation on network infrastructure and information security	20,067	20,067	3,770,880	12.26	65,456	77,448	9,692	-
	Golden Bridge Corporation	Taiwan	General investment activities	230,000	230,000	23,000,000	100.00	325,881	51,038	50,970	Subsidiary
	Systex Software & Service Corporation	Taiwan	Sale and development of computer software, data-processing services	400,000	400,000	40,000,000	100.00	1,318,783	534,601	537,022	Subsidiary
	Syspower Corporation	Taiwan	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	15,195	15,195	1,096,200	4.67	23,522	81,890	3,710	Subsidiary
	Systex Solutions Corporation	Taiwan	Design, construction and sale of telecom instrument, electronic calculator and computer	260,000	260,000	26,000,000	100.00	381,083	83,912	82,153	Subsidiary
	Systex Fintech Corporation	Taiwan	Manufacturing of wire communication equipment and apparatus, electronic parts and components, and computers and peripheral equipment, installation of computer, and wholesale and retailing of computer and business machinery equipment	290,500	290,500	13,996,500	63.73	291,701	63,816	41,970	Subsidiary
	Systex Capital Group, Inc.	British Virgin Island	Investment activities including financial trust and holding	91,695	91,695	550	100.00	2,987,478	283,076	263,363	Subsidiary
	Kimo.com (BVI) Corporation	British Virgin Island	Investment activities including financial trust and holding	13,185	13,185	500,000	100.00	4,628,113	277,860	253,376	Subsidiary
	Naturint Corporation	Taiwan	Installation, sale, information software, data processing and other consultation on computer software and related equipment, network certification and software publication	20,000	20,000	2,000,000	100.00	5,752	(3,059)	(3,058)	Subsidiary
	FinRobo Advisor Securities Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Securities investment advisor	23,272	23,272	1,500,000	30.00	3,427	(2,750)	(825)	-
	Mohist Web Technology Co.	Taiwan	Merchandise gift certificate automatic distribution system, in-time trust electronic (paper) ticket automated sales system, and integrated mobile payment platform	25,600	25,600	400,000	40.00	6,045	2,560	740	-
Frog-jump Information Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Information software service	18,969	18,969	943,202	10.00	15,603	24,665	2,477	-	
GenSys Technology (International) Ltd.	Hong Kong	Design, assessment and planning of computer system and application software and data-processing system	31,640	31,640	8,000,000	33.60	-	(3,290)	-	-	

(Continued)

Investor Company	Name of Investee	Location	Main Businesses and Products	Original Investment Amount		As of December 31, 2025			Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	Share of Profit (Loss)	Note
				December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	Number of Shares	Ratio (%)	Carrying Amount			
	Genesis Technology Inc.	Taiwan	Wholesale of electronic apparatus, electronic equipment, computer and computer peripheral equipment, planning, analyzing and design of system, data processing, co-location and internet hosting services	\$ 798,172	\$ 798,172	27,137,492	16.10	\$ 721,081	\$ 420,153	\$ 61,357	-
	E-Service Information Corporation	Taiwan	Information software service, intellectual property rights, printing and data storage media manufacturing and copying	89,500	89,500	8,000,000	100.00	104,210	15,504	15,461	Subsidiary
	Bao Ruh Electronic Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sale of ticket system equipment, e-payment machine, IC electronic card, vehicle trip recorder, satellite position system, access control system	128,363	128,363	4,339,500	29.72	128,373	117,672	34,907	-
	Taiwan Information Service Technology Corporation	Taiwan	Installation, sale, information software, data processing and other consultation on computer software and related equipment	89,965	89,965	16,630	67.38	45,234	8,050	5,424	Subsidiary
	Collaboration Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	General investment activities	200,015	200,015	6,160,000	44.55	124,545	12,113	4,975	-
	UniXecure Corporation	Taiwan	Design, construction and sale of telecom instrument, electronic calculator and computer	192,500	192,500	19,250,000	96.25	144,532	3,108	2,250	Subsidiary
	Docutek Solutions, Inc.	Taiwan	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	286,000	286,000	7,568,413	54.92	305,094	122,165	62,825	Subsidiary
	MISYS Corporation	Taiwan	Information software service	-	100,000	-	-	-	1,197	1,197	(2)
	Systex Vietnam Company Limited	Vietnam	Computer programming, software consulting and system consulting services, information technology service activities and other computer-related services, data processing leasing and related activities, management information services	9,675	9,675	-	100.00	9,838	930	930	Subsidiary
	Neweb Information Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Data Center Setup and Maintenance Services, System Integration and Maintenance Services, Cloud System Integration Services, System and Database Management and Maintenance, Storage Backup and Disaster Recovery Services, Network and Information Security Implementation and Consulting	140,375	140,375	1,949,647	15.52	149,605	74,186	11,908	-
Ching Pu Investment Corporation	Taiwan Electronic Data Processing Corporation	Taiwan	Design, installation, maintenance, lease and consultation on computer software and hardware equipment system, computer room engineering, network equipment system integration, and wholesale and retailing of medical appliances	155,131	155,131	2,698,643	69.59	25,277	143	-	Subsidiary
	Investment Media Ltd.	Taiwan	Magazine and book publishing	95,600	95,600	4,000,000	40.00	97,901	23,617	-	-
	Syspower Corporation	Taiwan	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	162,789	162,789	9,052,889	38.60	195,221	81,890	-	Subsidiary
Golden Bridge Corporation	Syspower Corporation	Taiwan	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	189,023	189,023	10,331,022	44.05	222,783	81,890	-	Subsidiary
	SoftMobile Technology Corporation	Taiwan	Manufacturing of wire communication equipment and apparatus, electronic parts and components, and computers and peripheral equipment, installation of computer, and wholesale and retailing of computer and business machinery equipment	80,000	80,000	3,661,875	100.00	87,079	14,764	-	Subsidiary

(Continued)

Investor Company	Name of Investee	Location	Main Businesses and Products	Original Investment Amount		As of December 31, 2025			Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	Share of Profit (Loss)	Note
				December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	Number of Shares	Ratio (%)	Carrying Amount			
Syscore Corporation	Syslink Corporation	Taiwan	General investment activities	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	140,000,000	100.00	\$ 1,521,562	\$ 148,260	\$ -	Subsidiary
	Syslong Corporation	Taiwan	General investment activities	250,000	250,000	25,000,000	100.00	245,905	6,062	-	Subsidiary
	Neweb Information Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Setup and maintenance of computer room, maintenance and setup of system integration, cloud system integration service, management and maintenance of system and database, backup storage service, setup and consultation of internet and information security	113,499	98,530	3,618,877	28.80	98,189	74,186	-	-
	Fuco Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Printing, printed matter binding and processing, and wholesale of computers and peripheral equipment	43,460	43,460	1,640,000	40.00	29,351	20,259	-	-
	Genesis Technology Inc.	Taiwan	Wholesale of electronic apparatus, electronic equipment, computer and computer peripheral equipment, planning, analyzing and design of system, other data processing, co-location and internet hosting services	71,994	71,994	6,589,290	3.91	171,826	420,153	-	-
Syslink Corporation	Smartsys Technology Corporation	Taiwan	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	30,000	30,000	3,000,000	100.00	24,619	208	-	Subsidiary
	Syswiser Technology Corporation	Taiwan	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	20,000	20,000	2,000,000	100.00	9,245	(2,335)	-	Subsidiary
	Caresys Information, Inc.	Taiwan	Software design and data processing, Electronic Information Service Industry, Wholesale of Computers and Office Machinery, Wholesale of Software, Wholesale of Telecommunication Equipment, Wholesale of Electronic Materials	162,417	162,417	1,400,000	70.00	171,826	36,412	-	Subsidiary
	Dawning Technology Inc.	Taiwan	Design, installation and maintenance of computer information and communication engineering, and design and sale of computer system software	743,963	743,963	32,608,896	81.68	696,550	65,136	-	Subsidiary
	Palsys Digital Technology Corporation	Taiwan	Sale of computer peripheral equipment and office machines, design of computer system and professional repairs services	272,351	272,351	24,794,862	79.26	348,154	85,258	-	Subsidiary
Syslong Corporation	Neweb Information Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Setup and maintenance of computer room, maintenance and setup of system integration, cloud system integration service, management and maintenance of system and database, backup storage service, setup and consultation of internet and information security	37,630	37,630	518,041	4.12	40,526	74,186	-	-
Concord System Management Corporation	Top Information Technologies Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sale of computer peripheral equipment and office machines, design of computer system and professional repairs services	152,608	152,608	18,000,000	100.00	228,766	32,966	-	Subsidiary
Kimo.com (BVI) Corporation	Systex Information (HK) Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sale of computer and peripheral equipment, retailing and processing of information of software	1,081,457	1,081,457	262,336,600	100.00	919,107	(23,621)	-	Subsidiary
	Systex Solutions (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	Investment activities including financial trust and holding	12,156	316,050	400,000	100.00	74,215	7,864	-	Subsidiary
	Rainbow Tech Information (HK) Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sale of computer and peripheral equipment, retailing and processing of information of software	128,555	114,690	29,811,764	100.00	187,654	3,378	-	Subsidiary
	Syscore Corporation	Taiwan	General investment activities	1,600,000	1,600,000	160,000,000	55.17	2,266,224	403,594	-	Subsidiary
	Gemini Data	Japan	IT services, software development, wholesale and retail of computers and related equipment, electronic data processing and related services	73,184	73,184	33,500	100.00	13,807	(30,848)	-	Subsidiary

(Continued)

Investor Company	Name of Investee	Location	Main Businesses and Products	Original Investment Amount		As of December 31, 2025			Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	Share of Profit (Loss)	Note
				December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	Number of Shares	Ratio (%)	Carrying Amount			
	Aillumission Co., Ltd.	Japan	Mobile Network Construction, ICT infrastructure Construction, DX/ICT solution services, AI consultations	\$ 106,435	\$ 106,435	200	20.00	\$ 15,394	\$ (562)	\$ -	-
	SYSTEXASIA PTE. LTD.	Singapore	IT solutions and consulting services	278,007	-	178,602	50.00	316,741	142,645	-	Subsidiary
System Information (HK) Ltd.	QFPay Haojin FinTech Limited	Hong Kong	Online and offline mobile payment, one-stop smart collection and trade, Information Technology Services	143,350	143,350	85,834	28.61	38,170	15,707	-	-
	Spread-it Limited	Hong Kong	Social Media Marketing	2,959	2,959	85,834	28.61	9,934	(434)	-	-
System Capital Group, Inc.	Syscore Corporation	Taiwan	General investment activities	1,300,000	1,300,000	130,000,000	44.83	1,841,307	403,594	-	Subsidiary
SYSTEXASIA PTE. LTD.	SYSTEX ASIA SDN. BHD.	Malaysia	Development of online and web-based business application software and websites, as well as computer operation and software consulting services	32,375	18,870	4,300,000	100.00	18,364	(5,202)	-	Subsidiary
	PT SYSTEX ASIA INDONESIA	Indonesia	Computer software-related and consulting services	13,406	11,356	481,000	100.00	9,413	(343)	-	Subsidiary
	Ark Virtualization Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Information technology staffing, outsourcing services, and IT consulting services	123	123	10,000	100.00	(5,125)	(227)	-	Subsidiary
	CXA Global Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Agency and consulting services for computer software systems	241	241	10,000	100.00	185,577	142,132	-	Subsidiary
	Noventiq Singapore Private Ltd.	Singapore	Agency services for computer software systems	2	2	50,000	50.00	2	-	-	-

Note 1: In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the transaction has been eliminated.

Note 2: Systex Corporation and MISYS Corporation completed their merger in March 2025. Systex Corporation stands as the surviving entity, while MISYS Corporation is designated as the dissolved company.

Note 3: Refer to Table 9 for information on investments in Mainland China.

(Concluded)

SYSTEX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

**INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment (Note 1)	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2025	Remittance of Funds		Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2025	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss)	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2025	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2025	Note
					Outward	Inward							
Changzhou Xinguotai Information Equipment Co., Ltd.	Manufacture, service and sales of software and computer-related products	\$ 21,198	a	\$ 2,780	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,780	\$ -	9.10	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-
Systek Information (Shanghai) Ltd.	Sale of computer and peripheral equipment, retailing and processing of information software	960,402	b	960,402	-	-	960,402	(1,509)	100.00	(1,509)	183,009	-	Subsidiary (Note 2)
Systex Group (China) Ltd.	Management consultation, marketing and sale, and capital and operation financial management	512,150	b	512,150	-	-	512,150	(85,341)	100.00	(85,341)	215,839	-	Subsidiary (Note 2)
Systex Rainbow Tech Inc.	Research, development, installation and wholesale of software and hardware technique and internet system	-	b	-	-	-	-	10,545	100.00	10,545	280,878	-	Subsidiary (Note 2)
Systex Ucom (Shanghai) Information Ltd. Co.	Software design and data processing, retailing and service of software	-	b	-	-	-	-	(5,265)	100.00	(5,265)	27,296	-	Subsidiary (Note 2)
Sunlight-tech Inc.	Manufacture of Internet-related software and hardware systems, video service systems, audio and video on-demand systems, multimedia and network video equipment	551,210	b	220,484	-	-	220,484	-	40.00	-	-	-	-
Shanghai Mudao Financial Information Service Co., Ltd.	Financial information services, computer software development and technology development, technology transfer, technology consulting, technical services, consulting and research in market information, asset management, supply chain management, investment management, investment consulting, business information consulting, financial consulting in the fields of computer technology, information technology and data technology.	14,504	b	-	-	-	-	(570)	29.62	-	-	-	-
Systex Rainbow (Shanghai) Tech Inc.	Research, development, installation and wholesale of software and hardware technique and internet system	-	b	-	-	-	-	(2,417)	100.00	(2,417)	(561)	-	Subsidiary (Note 2)

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2025	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment
\$1,695,816	\$1,920,903	\$10,943,041

Note 1: The methods of investment are as follows:

- a. Investment in China through remittances from third regions.
- b. Reinvestment in China through the third-region investment companies.

Note 2: In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the transactions were eliminated.